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## CF-netCDF3 Data Model Extension standard

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## Requirements

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**Requirement 52** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/discreteGridPointCoverage: Any group of CF-netCDF data variables that share the same set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables shall realize ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage sub-types: ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage or ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage. In addition, the ISO19123:CV\_CoverageFunction shall not define any interpolation method..40

**Requirement 53** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/CoverageDomain: the set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables, shared by CF-netCDF data Variables, shall realize either an ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValueMatrix.CV\_GridPoint.gridCoord or ISO19123:CV\_PointValuePair.geometry. ....43

**Requirement 54** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCS: the CF-netCDF Coordinate System type, which is comprised of a set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables shared by CF-netCDF data variables, shall realize ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage.SC\_CRS.SC\_CoordinateSystem or a subtype of it (i.e. ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC\_CRS.SC\_CoordinateSystem or ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.SC\_CRS.SC\_CoordinateSystem ). Additionally, the spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables and its subtypes (i.e. Vertical Coordinate, Latitude Coordinate, Longitude Coordinate, Time Coordinate elements), and the Auxiliary Coordinate Variables shall realize the related set of SC\_CRS.SC\_CoordinateSystem.SC\_CoordinateSystemAxis .....44

**Requirement 55** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCRS: the Grid Mapping Variable projection information characterizing a set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables, shared by CF-netCDF data variables, shall realize ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage.SC\_CRS.SC\_CoordinateSystem.type or a subtype of it. 44

**Requirement 56** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRange: the CF-netCDF data Variables sharing the common set of spatial/temporal Coordinate

Variables, shall realize one of the following objects: (a)  
ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValuesMatrix.  
values or a subtype of it; (b)  
ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value  
Additionally, the CF Variable data values generate the CV\_GeometryValuePair  
record value(s): (a) CV\_GridValueMatrix.values.record entry (i.e.  
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Requirement 57 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRangeType: the CF-  
netCDF data Variables sharing a common set of spatial/temporal coordinate  
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CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e.  
AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it; (b)  
CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e.  
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following objects: (a)  
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Requirement 59 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeType:  
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following objects: (a)  
CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e.  
AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it; (b)  
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AttributeName, TypeName). ....46

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ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeValues: any CF-netCDF Measure  
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values or a subtype of it; (b)  
ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value ..46

Requirement 61 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-  
ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeType: any CF-netCDF Measure  
Variable (characterising a CF Variable) shall realize one of the following objects:

(a) `CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType` (i.e. `AttributeName, TypeName`) or a subtype of it; (b) `CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType` (i.e. `AttributeName, TypeName`). .....46

**Requirement 62** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-  
**ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/RaggedArray:** Any CF-netCDF **Ragged Array** shall realize **ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage** sub-type: **ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage** In addition, the **ISO19123:CV\_CoverageFunction** shall not define any interpolation method..47

**Requirement 63** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-  
**ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/MultidimensionalArray:** Any CF-netCDF **Multidimensional Array** shall realize **ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage** sub-types: **ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage** or **ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage**. In addition, the **ISO19123:CV\_CoverageFunction** shall not define any interpolation method..48

**Requirement 64** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-  
**ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues:** Any CF-netCDF **Multidimensional Array Feature Collection** shall realize one of the following objects: (a) **ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValuesMatrix.values** or a subtype of it; (b) **ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value** ..48

**Requirement 65** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-  
**ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType:** Any CF-netCDF **Multidimensional Array Feature Collection** shall realize one of the following objects: (a) `CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType` (i.e. `AttributeName, TypeName`) or a subtype of it; (b) `CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType` (i.e. `AttributeName, TypeName`) or a subtype of it. ....49

**Requirement 66** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-  
**ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues:** Any CF-netCDF **Multidimensional Array Feature Collection** shall realize an **ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value** or a subtype of it. 49

**Requirement 67** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-  
**ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType:** Any CF-netCDF **Ragged Array Feature Collection** shall realize an

ISO10123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType  
(i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.....49

**i. Abstract**

The OGC netCDF encoding supports electronic encoding of geospatial data, that is, digital geospatial information representing space and time-varying phenomena.

This standard specifies the CF-netCDF data model extension.

This standard specifies the CF-netCDF data model mapping onto the ISO 19123 coverage schema.

This standard deals with multi-dimensional gridded data and multi-dimensional multi-point data.

In particular, this extension standard encoding profile is limited to multi-point, and regular and warped grids; however, irregular grids are important in the CF-netCDF community and work is underway to expand the CF-netCDF to encompass other coverages types, including irregular gridded datasets.

**ii. Keywords**

Ogdoc, netcdf, data model extension, multi-dimensional



### **iii. Preface**

This OGC standard provides an extension of the “netCDF core” Data Model standard: OGC 10-090 [1].

Suggested additions, changes, and comments on this standard are welcome and encouraged. Such suggestions may be submitted by email message or by submitting an official OGC Change Request using the online CR application:

[https://portal.opengeospatial.org/public\\_ogc/change\\_request.php](https://portal.opengeospatial.org/public_ogc/change_request.php)

#### **iv. Document terms and definitions**

This document uses the standard terms defined in Subclause 5.3 of [OGC 06-121r9], which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word “shall” (not “must”) is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this standard.

**v. Submitting organizations**

The following organizations have submitted this standard to the Open Geospatial Consortium:

- The University Corporation for Atmospheric Research (UCAR)
- The National Research Council of Italy (CNR)

**vi. Document Contributor Contact Points**

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**vii. Changes to the OGC Abstract Specification**

The OGC<sup>®</sup> Abstract Specification does not require any changes to accommodate the technical contents of this document.

### **viii. Future work**

Improvements in this document are desirable to support changes and additions to CF conventions and netCDF binary and XML encodings. However, it is important that CF and netCDF remain “loosely coupled” in the sense that each can change and evolve without having to rewrite the other each time.

In particular, this extension standard encoding profile is limited to multi-point, and regular and warped grids; however, irregular grids are important in the CF-netCDF community and work is underway to expand the CF-netCDF to encompass other coverages types, including irregular gridded datasets. The current plan is to include these augmentations in subsequent versions of this standard extension.

This standard is written for netCDF version 3, but netCDF version 4 is now being released. Currently the plan is to submit a separate extension standard for CF-netCDF version 4 as it becomes more heavily used in the community.

Finally, the Discrete Sampling extension model may be tied to O&M 2.0 Sampling Feature model; infact, that was partially inspired by CF. Such alignment is planned for next release of the standard.

## Foreword

This document is an extension of the “netCDF core” Data Model standard: OGC 10-090 [1].

This standard deals with: multi-dimensional gridded data and multi-dimensional multi-point data.

The data model specified by this document can be encoded using the “NetCDF Binary Encoding Extension Standard: NetCDF Classic and 64-bit Offset Format” [OGC 10-092].

*Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. The Open Geospatial Consortium shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.*

*Recipients of this document are requested to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent claims or other intellectual property rights of which they may be aware that might be infringed by any implementation of the standard set forth in this document, and to provide supporting documentation.*

## Introduction

The OGC netCDF encoding supports electronic encoding of geospatial data, that is, digital geospatial information representing space and time-varying phenomena.

NetCDF (network Common Data Form) is a data model for array-oriented scientific data, a freely distributed collection of access libraries implementing support for that data model, and a machine-independent format. Together, the interfaces, libraries, and format support the creation, access, and sharing of multi-dimensional scientific data.

This document specifies the CF-netCDF data model extension; every CF-netCDF dataset shall adhere to this standard.

CF-netCDF encoding format is netCDF conforming to the Climate and Forecast (CF) conventions (i.e. CF-netCDF). This standard is based on the netCDF (network Common Data Form) ver. 3.0 file format using the CF (Climate and Forecast) conventions ver. 1.6

For the scope of this standard, CF-netCDF data model deals with multi-dimensional discrete coverage data.

This *OGC CF-netCDF Data Model extension* standard consists of the present document. The document has OGC URI [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/IS/CF-netCDF/](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/IS/CF-netCDF/).

Background information regarding the overall landscape of netCDF standards is presented in the CF-netCDF Primer, OGC 10-091, “CF-netCDF: Core and Extensions.” This standard is an extension to the core standard for the netCDF Classic data model in OGC 10-090r3, “*NetCDF Core Encoding Standard version 1.0*”.



## CF-netCDF3 Data Model Extension **standard**

### 1 Scope

This standard specifies the CF-netCDF data model extension.

This standard specifies the CF-netCDF data model mapping onto the ISO 19123 coverage schema.

This standard deals with multi-dimensional gridded data and multi-dimensional multi-point data.

### 2 Conformance

Standardization targets are: (a) CF-netCDF core implementations (currently encodings); (b) CF-netCDF Discrete Sampling implementations (currently encodings); (c) the mapping of CF-netCDF data model to ISO 19123.

This document establishes three requirements classes, one for each standardization target:

1. *CF-netCDF core*, of [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core) -for the standardization target (a);
2. *CF-netCDF Discrete Sampling*, of [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling) -for the standardization target (b);
3. *CF-netCDF Mapping onto ISO 19123*, of [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping) -for the standardization target (c);

and three corresponding pertaining conformance class, *CF-netCDF*, with URIs:

1. [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core).
2. [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling)
3. [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping)

Requirements and conformance test URIs defined in this document are relative to [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/).

Annex A lists the conformance tests which shall be exercised on any software artifact claiming to implement an OGC CF-netCDF extension for netCDF.

### 3 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies.

OGC 10-090r3, *NetCDF Core Encoding Standard version 1.0*

Classes used:

- Core with URI: <http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf/1.0/conf/core>

OGC 10-092, *NetCDF Binary Encoding Extension Standard: NetCDF Classic and 64-bit Offset Format version 1.0*

Classes used:

- netCDF classic with URI: [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf\\_binary-encoding\\_netcdf-classic-and-64-bit-offset/1.0/conf/netcdf-classic](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf_binary-encoding_netcdf-classic-and-64-bit-offset/1.0/conf/netcdf-classic)
- netCDF 64-bit with URI: [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf\\_binary-encoding\\_netcdf-classic-and-64-bit-offset/1.0/conf/netcdf-64-bit-offset](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf_binary-encoding_netcdf-classic-and-64-bit-offset/1.0/conf/netcdf-64-bit-offset)

For this standard, there is one external normative document contain provisions that are quoted verbatim in this text and hence constitute provisions of this standard:

NASA ESDS-RFC-021v0.02, CF Metadata Conventions, April 2010. Available at:

<http://www.esdswg.org/spg/rfc/esds-rfc-021/ESDS-RFC-021-v0.01.pdf>

An overview of this standard is provided by [18].

## 4 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in the above references apply. In addition, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 4.1 CDL syntax

The ASCII format used to describe the contents of a netCDF file is called CDL (network Common Data form Language). This format represents arrays using the indexing conventions of the C programming language, i.e., index values start at 0, and in multidimensional arrays, when indexing over the elements of the array, it is the last declared dimension that is the fastest varying in terms of file storage order. The netCDF utilities *ncdump* and *ncgen* use this format.

### 4.2 Coverage

feature that acts as a function to return values from its range for any direct position within its spatiotemporal domain [OGC 07-111/ISO19123]

#### 4.2.1 Data Model

a description of the organization of data in a manner that reflects an information structure [ISO/IEC 11179-1 Specification and standardization of data elements – Part 1: Framework]

NOTE: netCDF literature reports the following definition for data model: a way of thinking about scientific data by applying a data model theory. It is an abstraction that describes how datasets are represented and used. In computer terms, a data model can be thought of as equivalent to an abstract object model in Object Oriented Programming in that an abstract data model describes data objects and what methods can be used on them.

4.2.2 **Feature**

abstraction of real world phenomena [ISO 19101].

NOTE A feature may occur as a type or an instance.

4.2.3 **Grid**

network composed of two or more sets of curves in which the members of each set intersect the members of the other sets in a algorithmic way [OGC 07-111/ISO19123].

*NOTE: the curves partition a space into grid cells.*

4.2.4 **Multi-point coverage**

A discrete coverage which is characterized by a finite domain consisting of points. Generally, the domain is a set of irregularly distributed points [OGC 07-111/ISO19123].

A set of hydrographic soundings is an example of a discrete point coverage.

4.2.5 **NetCDF**

NetCDF is a standard for data on complex grids –curvilinear in XY; sigma and density-related in Z; climatological and artificial calendars in T; and heading towards "tile mosaics" and 5D forecast ensembles in the near future.

**5 Conventions**

**5.1 Namespace prefix conventions**

The following namespaces are used in this document. The prefix abbreviations used constitute conventions used here, but are **not** normative. The namespaces to which the prefixes refer are normative, however.

— **Namespace mappings**

Prefix	Namespace URI	Description
xsd	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a>	XML Schema
gml	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2">http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2</a>	GML 3.2.1
ncml	<a href="http://unidata.ucar.edu/ncml">http://unidata.ucar.edu/ncml</a>	ncML schema

## 6 NetCDF Data Model extension

A formal specification of the netCDF data model is provided by [1]; while, [2] provides a general description of the netCDF technology.

For reader's convenience, the netCDF core data model is shown in Figure 1.

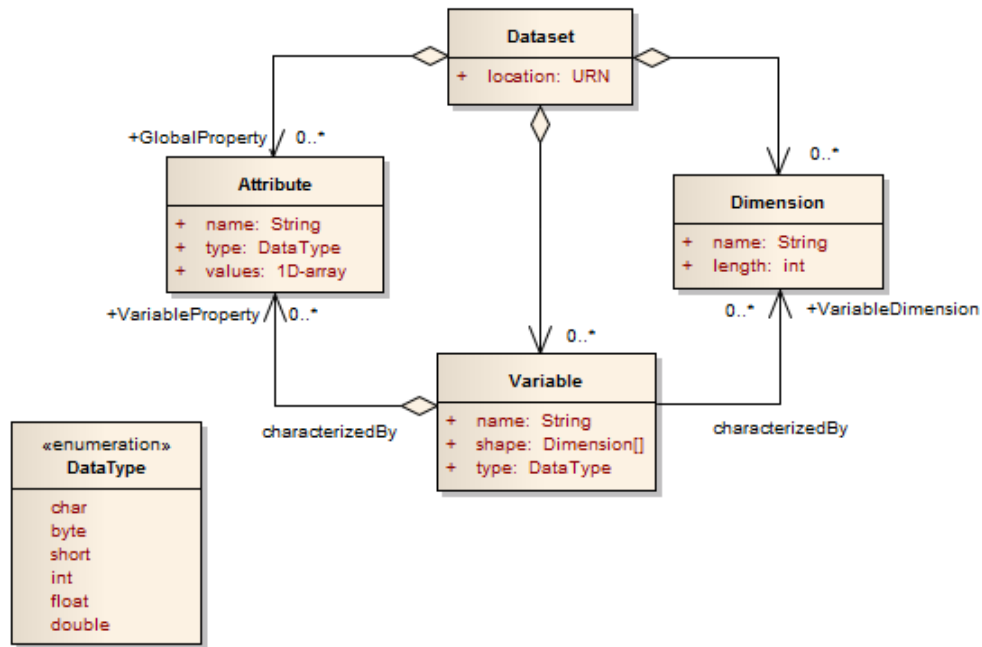


Figure 1 - NetCDF core data model [1]

### 6.1 CF Conventions

The purpose of the CF conventions is to require conforming datasets to contain sufficient metadata that they are self-describing in the sense that each variable in the file has an associated description of what it represents, including physical units if appropriate, and that each value can be located in space (relative to earth-based coordinates) and time.

This enables users of data from different sources to decide which quantities are comparable, and facilitates building applications with powerful extraction, regridding, and display capabilities. This standard considers version 1.6 of the CF conventions. The full CF Conventions reference documentation is provided in [8] and [16]. For this standard, provisions were given by [18].

6.1.1 Introduced Requirements

Most of the introduced requirements are taken from the “CF Conformance Requirements and Recommendations” published by the Program for Climate Model Diagnosis & Intercomparison (PCMDI) [10], from the “NetCDF Climate and Forecast (CF) Metadata Conventions, Version 1.5” [8], and from "NetCDF Climate and Forecast (CF) Metadata Conventions, Version 1.6 -Chapter 9" [16].

For interoperability sake, the following requirement section specifies a CF 1.6 profile by restricting some of the original specifications –i.e. by transforming most of the recommendations into mandatory requirements. Table 1 reports the elements who are considered mandatory for this standard while they are optional for CF 1.6.

**Table 1. CF elements overruled from optional to mandatory**

Entity	Requirements	Condition	CF 1.6 condition	Exception
<b>CF-netCDF Variable</b>	<code>standard_name</code> attribute or a <code>long_name</code> attribute.	Mandatory	Optional	Boundary Variable
<b>Coordinate Variable</b>	<code>axis</code> attribute	Manadatory	Optional	
<b>Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate</b>	<code>formula_terms</code> attribute	Mandatory	Optional	
<b>Spatial-temporal CF-netCDF Variable,</b>	<code>Dimensions</code> order shall appear in the relative order <b>T</b> , then <b>Z</b> , then <b>Y</b> , then <b>X</b> .  In addition, any other <code>Dimension</code> shall be placed to the left of the spatiotemporal <code>Dimensions</code>	Mandatory	Optional	
<b>Vertical Coordinate</b>	<code>Positive</code> attribute	Mandatory	Conditional	
<b>Time Coordinate</b>	<code>Calendar</code> attribute	Mandatory	Optional	

<b>Time Coordinate characterized by a nonstandard calendar</b>	month_lengths attribute	Mandatory	Optional
<b>Time Coordinate characterized by a nonstandard calendar (for leap years)</b>	leap_year and leap_month attributes	Mandatory	Optional
<b>Coordinate Variable defined on a horizontal grid not defined on latitude and longitude dimensions</b>	coordinates attribute which associates a couple of Coordinate Variables defining the true latitude and longitude coordinates	Mandatory	Optional
<b>Measure Variable</b>	Dimensions <b>shall</b> be the same as or a subset of the dimensions of the CF Variable to which they are related	Mandatory	Optional

---

## 7 CF-netCDF Data Model

### 7.1 Extension packages

Based on the OGC netCDF data model (OGC 10-090r3), the following extension packages are modeled by this standard (as depicted in Figure 2):

- General conventions;
- Variables and Standard attributes conventions;
- Dimensions and Dimensional Variables conventions;
- Coordinate Variables and Coordinate Types conventions;
- Coordinate Systems convention;
- Discrete Sampling Geometries.

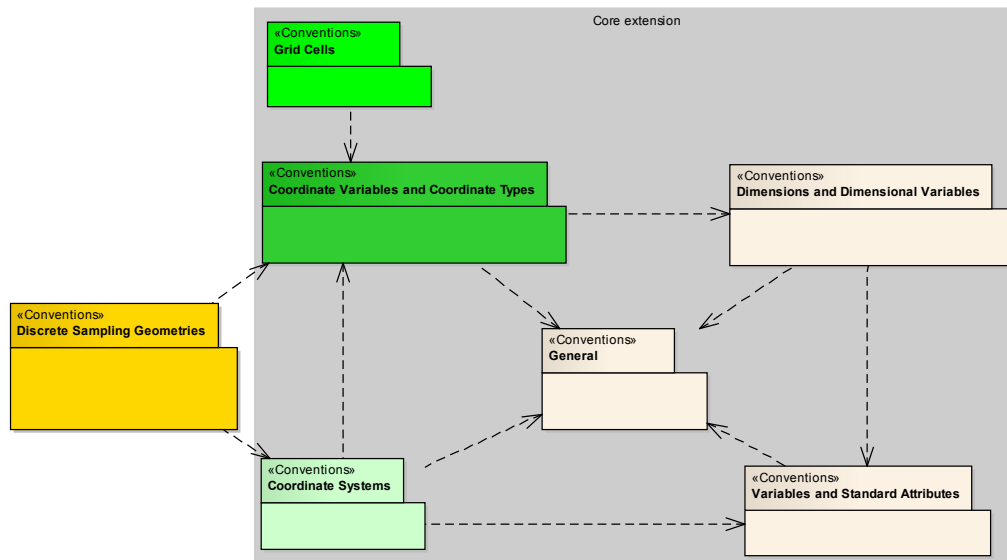


Figure 2 - CF-netCDF data model extension packages

All the packages but the “Discrete Sampling Geometry” will be described as part of the *CF-netCDF core extension data model*. While the “Discrete Sampling Geometry” package realizes the *CF-netCDF Discrete Sampling* data model.

### 7.2 CF-netCDF core extension data model

For the scope of this standard, the core extension data model of CF-netCDF is shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4.

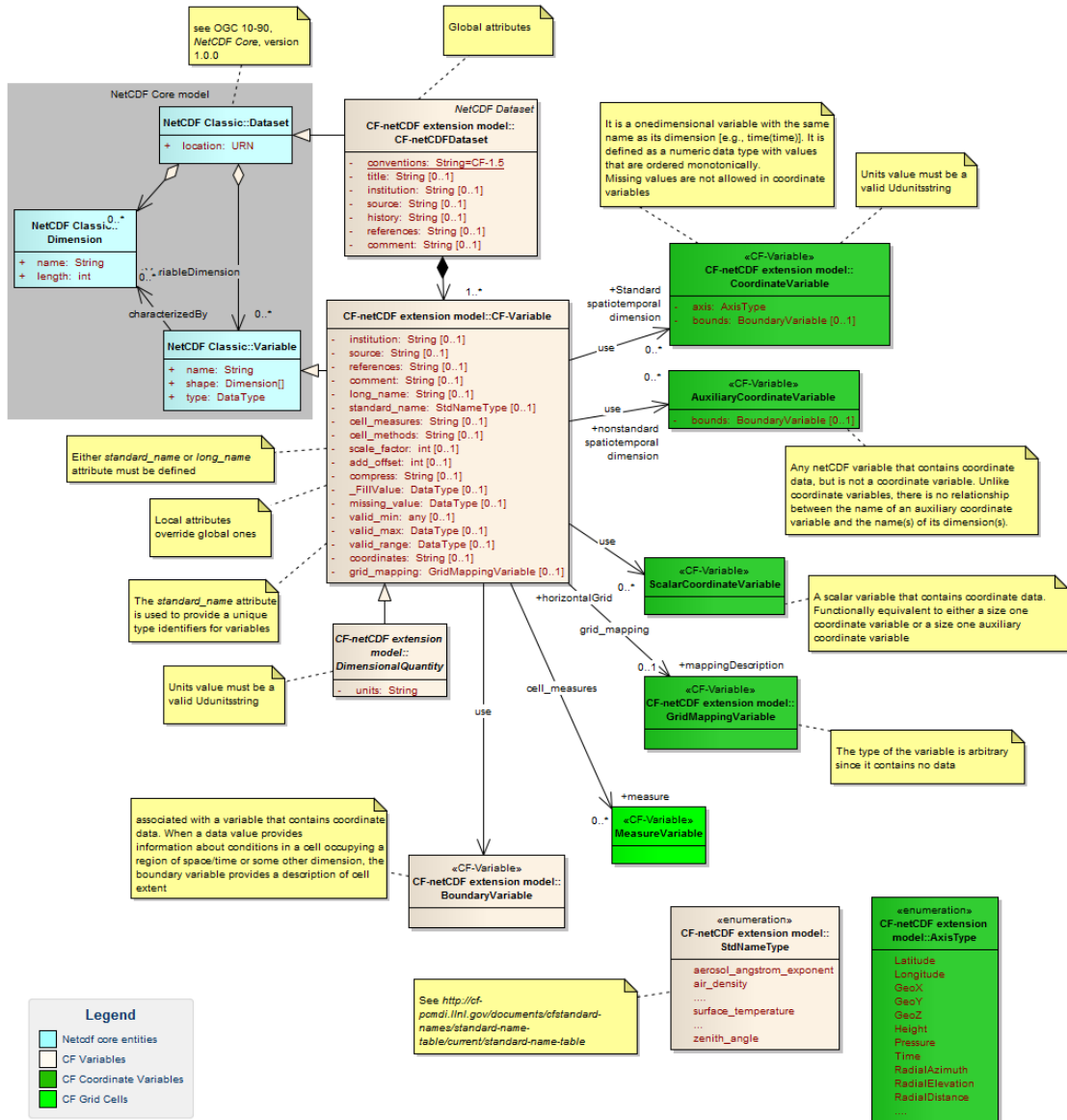


Figure 3 - CF-netCDF core data model: CF Variable and Standard Attributes



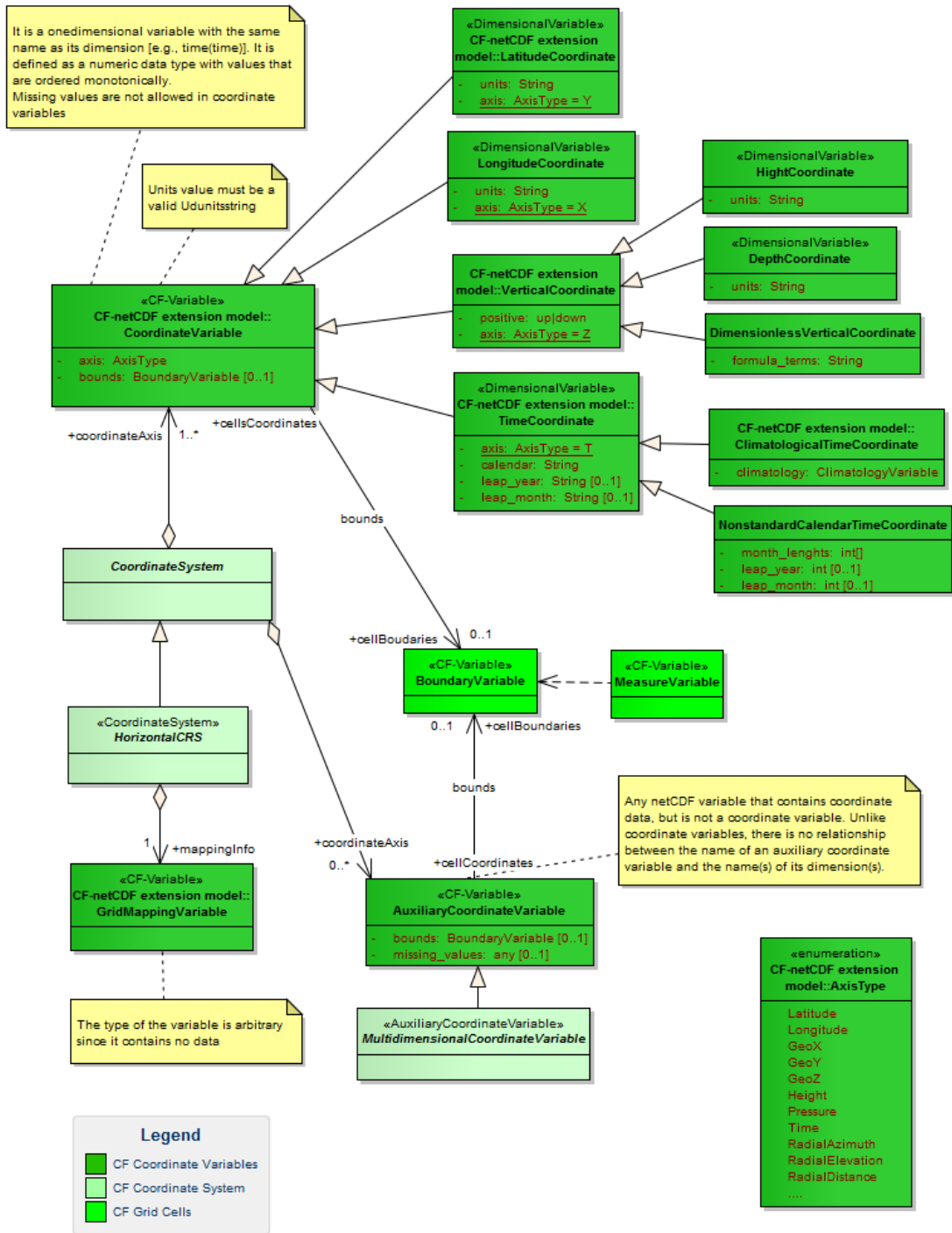


Figure 4 - CF-netCDF core data model: CF Coordinate Variables, Coordinate Types, Coordinate Systems, and Grid Cells

### 7.3 “CF-netCDF core” requirements class

The “CF-netCDF core” requirements class (URI: [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core)) must be applied to those datasets implementing the core extension data model of CF-netCDF (see [Figure 3](#) and [Figure 4](#)).

This requirements class is comprised of 36 requirements (from req 1 to req 36) described by the following clauses.

#### 7.3.1 Structural adherence

**Requirement 1** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence: Any data instantiating a concrete CF-netCDF dataset **shall** conform with the UML diagrams in [Figure 3](#) and [Figure 4](#).

#### 7.3.2 General Conventions

##### 7.3.2.1 Conventions

To identify that the file uses the CF convention, the `Conventions` global attribute shall be given the string value of “CF-1.6”

**Requirement 2** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Conventions: Any CF-netCDF Dataset that uses the CF convention **shall** define the global attribute `Conventions` to the string value "CF-1.6".

##### 7.3.2.2 Naming conventions

Variable, dimension, and attribute names should begin with a letter and be composed of letters, digits, and underscores.

**Requirement 3** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/NamingConventions: CF-netCDF Variable, Dimension and Attribute names **shall** begin with a letter and be composed of letters, digits, and underscores.

##### 7.3.2.3 Reserved attribute names

Names commencing with underscore ('\_') are reserved for use by the netCDF library. Most generic applications that process netCDF datasets assume standard attribute conventions.

**Requirement 4** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ReservedAttributeName: CF-netCDF Attribute names commencing with underscore ('\_') **shall** be reserved for use by the netCDF library.

### 7.3.2.4 Standard attribute names

**Requirement 5** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardAttributeNames: The list of CF-netCDF Attribute names reported in the Appendix A of [8] **shall** be considered standard names and therefore reserved.

### 7.3.3 CF-netCDF Variables and Standard Attributes

Each variable in a netCDF file has an associated description which is provided by the attributes `units`, `long_name`, and `standard_name`. The `units`, and `long_name` attributes are defined in the netCDF User Guide document [7] and the `standard_name` attribute is defined in the CF conventions document [8].

Example of units, standard and long name values (CDL syntax):

```
netcdf temperature {
  dimensions:
    lat = 45;
    lon = 57;

  variables:
    double lat(lat);
      lat:standard_name="latitude";
      lat:long_name="latitude";
      lat:units="degrees_north";
    double lon(lon);
      lon:standard_name="longitude";
      lon:long_name="longitude";
      lon:units="degrees_east";

    double temperature(lon, lat);
      temperature:standard_name="air_temperature";
      temperature:long_name="temperature";
      temperature:units="K";
}
```

### CF Standard names attribute

A fundamental requirement for exchange of scientific data is the ability to describe precisely the physical quantities being represented. The `standard_name` attribute is the name used to identify the physical quantity. It is used to provide unique identifiers for variables. *CF standard names* conventions describe what the numbers in a netCDF dataset represent; e.g., temperature, pressure, wind speed, salinity, radiance, reflectivity. Besides, this attribute can be used to identify variables that contain coordinate data.

### Long name attribute

The `long_name` attribute is defined to contain a long descriptive name which may, for example, be used for labeling plots. For backwards compatibility with COARDS this

attribute is optional. If a variable has no `long_name` attribute then an application may use, as a default the `standard_name` or the variable name itself [8].

### 7.3.3.1 Standard names

**Requirement 6** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNames`: Any `CF-netCDF Variable` **shall** define either a `standard_name` attribute or a `long_name` attribute.

**Exception**, this is not mandatory only for `Boundary Variable`

### 7.3.3.2 Standard name values

**Requirement 7** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNameValues`: A standard name **shall** contain no whitespace and **shall** be case sensitive.

**In addition**, the set of permissible standard names is contained in the CF standard name table published at: <http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml>

## 7.3.4 CF-netCDF Dimensions and Dimensional Variables

A variable may have any number of `Dimensions`, including zero, and the dimensions must all have different names. The dimensions of the variable define the axes of the quantity it contains.

If any or all of the dimensions of a variable have the interpretations of "date or time" (T), "height or depth" (Z), "latitude" (Y), or "longitude" (X) then those dimensions must appear in the relative order T, then Z, then Y, then X. All other dimensions can be placed to the left of the spatiotemporal dimensions.

### 7.3.4.1 Dimensions

**Requirement 8** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Dimensions`: For any `CF-netCDF Variable`, its `Dimension` names **shall** have different names.

### 7.3.4.2 Dimensions shape

**Requirement 9** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionsShape`: For a given spatial-temporal `CF-netCDF Variable`, its spatial-temporal `Dimensions` order **shall** appear in the relative order T, then Z, then Y, then X.

**In addition**, any other dimension **shall** be placed to the left of the spatiotemporal dimensions.

### 7.3.5 Units attribute

CF `units` conventions describe what are the *units of measure* for the numbers in a netCDF dataset.

The `units` attribute is required for all variables that represent dimensional quantities.

The value of the `units` attribute must be a string that can be recognized by Unidata's *Udunits* software package [9].

#### 7.3.5.1 Units

**Requirement 10** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Units: Any dimensional CF-netCDF Variable (i.e. CF-netCDF Variable that represents dimensional quantity) **shall** define a `units` attribute.

**Exception**, this is not mandatory only for `Boundary Variable`

**In addition**, the `units` value may be physically equivalent (not necessarily identical) to the canonical units for the Variable.

#### 7.3.5.2 Units value

**Requirement 11** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsValue: any `units` attribute value **shall** be a string that can be recognized by UNIDATA's *Udunits* package [9].

**In addition**, exceptions are the `units_level`, `layer`, and `sigma_level`.

#### 7.3.5.3 Units consistency

**Requirement 12** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsConsistency: The `units` of a CF-Variable **shall** be consistent with the *units* given in the *standard name table* (published at):

<http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml>

**In addition**, the `units` must also be consistent with a specified `cell_methods` attribute, if one is present.

### 7.3.6 CF-NetCDF Coordinate Variables and Coordinate Types

A variable's spatiotemporal dimensions are used to locate data values in time and space. This is accomplished by associating these dimensions with the relevant set of latitude, longitude, vertical, and time coordinates [8].

Variables with a single dimension whose names match the name of their dimension are called “coordinate variables”. By convention coordinate variables define the physical coordinate for that dimension (see the netCDF Users Guide [7]).

For instance, the following dataset description shows a variable (i.e. `xwind`) that is defined on a set of spatiotemporal dimensions: latitude, longitude, vertical, and time dimension; each axis is identified by a coordinate variable. `xwind(n,k,j,i)` is associated with the coordinate values `lon(i)`, `lat(j)`, `pres(k)`, and `time(n)`.

```

dimensions:
  lat = 18 ;
  lon = 36 ;
  pres = 15 ;
  time = 4 ;
variables:
  float xwind(time,pres,lat,lon) ;
    xwind:long_name = "zonal wind" ;
    xwind:units = "m/s" ;
  float lon(lon) ;
    lon:long_name = "longitude" ;
    lon:units = "degrees_east" ;
  float lat(lat) ;
    lat:long_name = "latitude" ;
    lat:units = "degrees_north" ;
  float pres(pres) ;
    pres:long_name = "pressure" ;
    pres:units = "hPa" ;
  double time(time) ;
    time:long_name = "time" ;
    time:units = "days since 1990-1-1 0:0:0" ;

```

There are two methods used to identify variables that contain coordinate data. The first is to use the `Coordinate Variable` types, the second is the use of `Auxiliary Coordinate Variables`.

The use of `Coordinate Variables` is required for all dimensions that correspond to one dimensional space or time coordinates. All of a variable's dimensions that are latitude, longitude, vertical, or time dimensions must have corresponding coordinate variables, i.e., one-dimensional variables with the same name as the dimension.

`Coordinate Variable` is defined as a numeric data type with values that are ordered monotonically. Missing values are not allowed in coordinate variables.

### 7.3.6.1 Coordinate data

**Requirement 13** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData: Any Variable containing coordinate data **shall** be: a `Coordinate Variable` | an `Auxiliary Coordinate Variable`

### 7.3.6.2 Coordinate variable

**Requirement 14** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData/CoordinateVariable: A Coordinate Variable **shall** be defined for each Dimension that correspond to one dimensional space or time coordinates.

### 7.3.6.3 Coordinate variable dimension

**Requirement 15** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableDimension: any Coordinate Variable **shall** have a single Dimension whose name matches the the Variable name.

### 7.3.6.4 Coordinate variable values

**Requirement 16** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableValues: Coordinate Variable values **shall** be ordered monotonically.

### 7.3.6.5 Coordinate variable axis attribute

**Requirement 17** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttribute: for any Coordinate Variable the attribute axis **shall** be given one of the values X, Y, Z or T.

**In addition** these values stand for a longitude, latitude, vertical, or time axis respectively for the CF-netCDF coordinate types: LongitudeCoordinate, LatitudeCoordinate, VerticalCoordinate, TimeCoordinate.

### 7.3.6.6 Coordinate variable axis attribute semantics

**Requirement 18** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttributeSemantic: The values X and Y for the axis attribute **shall** be used to identify horizontal coordinate variables.

### 7.3.6.7 Coordinate variable missing values

**Requirement 19** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/Missing\_valuesAttribute: Coordinate Variable shall not define an attribute missing\_values.

## 7.3.7 Well-known coordinates

The CF convention gives special constraints to latitude, longitude, vertical, and time coordinates (i.e. LatitudeCoordinate, LongitudeCoordinate, VerticalCoordinate, TimeCoordinate).

### 7.3.7.1 Latitude Coordinate

The recommended unit of latitude is `degrees_north`. Also acceptable are `degree_north`, `degree_N`, `degrees_N`, `degreeN`, and `degreesN`.

**Requirement 20** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LatitudeCoordinate: For any Latitude Coordinate the units attribute values **shall** be: `degrees_north` | `degree_north` | `degree_N` | `degrees_N` | `degreeN` | `degreesN`.

**In addition**, Coordinates of latitude with respect to a rotated pole should be given units of `degrees`, not `degrees_north` or equivalents,

Example of Latitude axis

```
float lat(lat) ;
  lat:long_name = "latitude" ;
  lat:units = "degrees_north" ;
  lat:standard_name = "latitude" ;
```

### 7.3.7.2 Longitude Coordinate

The recommended unit of longitude is `degrees_east`. Also acceptable are `degree_east`, `degree_E`, `degrees_E`, `degreeE`, and `degreesE`.

**Requirement 21** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LongitudeCoordinate: For any Longitude Coordinate the units attribute values **shall** be: `degrees_east` | `degree_east` | `degree_E` | `degrees_E` | `degreeE` | `degreesE`.

**In addition**, Coordinates of longitude with respect to a rotated pole should be given units of `degrees`, not `degrees_east` or equivalents,

Example of Longitude axis

```
float lon(lon) ;
  lon:long_name = "longitude" ;
  lon:units = "degrees_east" ;
  lon:standard_name = "longitude" ;
```

### 7.3.7.3 Vertical (Height, Depth, Dimensional) Coordinate

The direction of positive (i.e., the direction in which the coordinate values are increasing), whether up or down, cannot in all cases be inferred from the units. For this



reason the attribute `positive` is required. The `positive` attribute may have the value `up` or `down` (case insensitive). This attribute may be applied to either coordinate variables or auxiliary coordinate variables that contain vertical coordinate data.

**Requirement 22** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinatePositiveAttribute`: Any `Vertical Coordinate` shall define the `positive` attribute whose values shall be: `up` | `down`.

The acceptable units for vertical (depth or height) coordinate variables are: units of pressure as listed in the file `udunits.dat`. For vertical axes the most commonly used of these include `bar`, `millibar`, `decibar`, `atmosphere (atm)`, `pascal (Pa)`, and `hPa`.

- units of length as listed in the file `udunits.dat`. For vertical axes the most commonly used of these include `meter (metre, m)`, and `kilometer (km)`.
- other units listed in the file `udunits.dat` that may under certain circumstances reference vertical position such as units of density or temperature.

#### 7.3.7.4 Vertical coordinate units

**Requirement 23** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinateUnitsAttribute`: For any `Vertical Coordinate` the `units` attribute values shall be: units of pressure as listed in the file `udunits.dat` (e.g. `bar`, `millibar`, `decibar`, `atmosphere (atm)`, `pascal (Pa)`, and `hPa`) | units of length as listed in the file `udunits.dat` (e.g. `meter`, `metre`, `m`, `kilometer`, `km`) | other units listed in the file `udunits.dat` that may under certain circumstances reference vertical position such as units of density or temperature.

#### 7.3.7.5 Dimensionless vertical coordinates

`Dimensionless vertical coordinates` are defined in the Appendix D of [8]. The `standard_name` attribute associates a coordinate with its definition which provides a mapping between the dimensionless coordinate values and dimensional values that can positively and uniquely indicate the location of the data.

The `formula_terms` attribute is used to associate terms in the definitions with variables in a netCDF file; for this reason it is mandatory.

**Requirement 24** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinate`: Any `Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate` shall be defined in Appendix D of [8].

#### 7.3.7.6 Dimensionless vertical coordinate formula terms

**Requirement 25** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinateFormula_TermsAttribute`: Any

Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate **shall** define the `formula_terms` attribute.

Example of Atmosphere sigma coordinate

```
float lev(lev) ;
  lev:long_name = "sigma at layer midpoints" ;
  lev:positive = "down" ;
  lev:standard_name = "atmosphere_sigma_coordinate" ;
  lev:formula_terms = "sigma: lev ps: PS ptop: PTOP" ;
```

The `formula_terms` attribute associates the variable `lev` with the term `sigma`, the variable `PS` with the term `ps`, and the variable `PTOP` with the term `ptop`. Thus the pressure at gridpoint  $(n, k, j, i)$  would be calculated by:

$$p(n, k, j, i) = P_{TOP} + lev(k) * (PS(n, j, i) - P_{TOP})$$

#### 7.3.7.7 Time Coordinate

The `units` attribute takes a string value formatted as per the recommendations in the `Udunits` package [9].

**Requirement 26** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateUnitsAttribute: For any Time Coordinate the `units` attribute values **shall** be units of time as listed in the file `udunits.dat` (e.g. day or (d), hour or (hr, h), minute or (min), and second or (sec, s)).

Example of Time axis:

```
double time(time) ;
  time:long_name = "time" ;
  time:units = "days since 1990-1-1 0:0:0" ;
```

#### 7.3.7.8 Calendar attribute

To calculate a new date and time given a base date, base time and a time increment one must know what calendar to use. For this purpose it is important the calendar be specified by the attribute `calendar` which is assigned to the time coordinate variable.

The `calendar` attribute may be set to `none` in climate experiments that simulate a fixed time of year or when a non-standard calendar is being used -e.g. non-standard paleoclimate eras .

**Requirement 27** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateCalendarAttribute: Any Time Coordinate **shall** define the calendar attribute

**In addition**, the values currently defined for calendar are: gregorian or standard | proleptic\_gregorian | noleap or 365\_day | all\_leap or 366\_day | 360\_day | julian | none.

Example of Perpetual time axis

```
variables:
  double time(time) ;
    time:long_name = "time" ;
    time:units = "days since 1-7-15 0:0:0" ;
    time:calendar = "none" ;
data:
  time = 0., 1., 2., ...;
```

### 7.3.7.9 Non-standard calendars

If none of the standard calendars (e.g., calendars appropriate to a different paleoclimate era), a nonstandard calendar must be defined. The lengths of each month are explicitly defined with the month\_lengths attribute of the time axis. If leap years are included, then two other attributes of the time axis should also be defined: leap\_year and leap\_month.

**Requirement 28** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateNonstandardCalendar: Any Time Coordinate characterized by a nonstandard calendar **shall** define the month\_lengths attribute to specify its calendar.

**In addition**, the attribute value **shall** be for non-leap year: a vector of size 12, specifying the number of days in the months from January to December.

**In addition**, for leap year two other attributes of the time axis **shall** be defined: leap\_year and leap\_month.

### 7.3.8 Auxiliary Coordinate Variable

In cases where coordinate variables are not applicable (e.g. a CF-Variable characterized by spatiotemporal dimensions that are not latitude, longitude, vertical, or time dimensions), Auxiliary Coordinate Variables are defined. The Auxiliary Coordinate Variables are identified (and linked to the CF-Variable) through the coordinates attribute defined by the CF-Variable.

Unlike Coordinate Variables, there is no relationship between the name of an auxiliary coordinate variable and the name(s) of its dimension(s).

**Requirement 29** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/AuxiliaryCoordinateVariable: An Auxiliary Coordinate Variable **shall** be identified by the `coordinates` attribute defined by a netCDF Variable.

**In addition**, The value of the `coordinates` attribute is a blank separated list of the names of Auxiliary Coordinate Variables

### 7.3.9 Scalar Coordinate Variables

When a variable has an associated coordinate which is single-valued, that coordinate may be represented as a scalar variable. Since there is no associated dimension these scalar coordinate variables should be attached to a data variable via the `coordinates` attribute.

Once a name is used for a scalar coordinate variable it cannot be used for a 1D coordinate variable. For this reason it is not allowed using a name for a scalar coordinate variable that matches the name of any dimension in the netCDF dataset.

Example of Scalar Coordinate Variables (i.e. `atime` and `P500` variables) [8]:

```

dimensions:
  lat = 180 ;
  lon = 360 ;
  time = UNLIMITED ;
variables:
  double atime
    atime:standard_name = "forecast_reference_time" ;
    atime:units = "hours since 1999-01-01 00:00" ;
  double time(time);
    time:standard_name = "time" ;
    time:units = "hours since 1999-01-01 00:00" ;
  double lon(lon) ;
    lon:long_name = "station longitude";
    lon:units = "degrees_east";
  double lat(lat) ;
    lat:long_name = "station latitude" ;
    lat:units = "degrees_north" ;
  double p500
    p500:long_name = "pressure" ;
    p500:units = "hPa" ;
    p500:positive = "down" ;
  float height(time,lat,lon);
    height:long_name = "geopotential height" ;
    height:standard_name = "geopotential_height" ;
    height:units = "m" ;
    height:coordinates = "atime p500" ;
data:
  time = 6., 12., 18., 24. ;

```

```

    atime = 0. ;
    p500 = 500.

```

**Requirement 30** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ScalarCoordinateVariable: A Scalar Coordinate Variable **shall** define a coordinate which is single-valued.

**In addition**, the Scalar Coordinate Variable name **shall not** match the name of any dimension in the netCDF dataset.

### 7.3.10 Coordinate Systems

#### Independent Latitude, Longitude, Vertical, and Time Axes

When each of a variable's spatiotemporal dimensions is a latitude, longitude, vertical, or time dimension, then each axis is identified by a coordinate variable.

#### Horizontal Coordinate Reference Systems, Grid Mappings, and Projections

When the coordinate variables for an horizontal grid are not longitude and latitude, it is required that the true latitude and longitude coordinates be supplied via the `coordinates` attribute [8].

If in addition it is desired to describe the mapping between the given coordinate variables and the true latitude and longitude coordinates, the attribute `grid_mapping` may be used to supply this description.

This attribute is attached to data variables so that variables with different mappings may be present in a single file. The attribute takes a string value which is the name of another variable in the file that provides the description of the mapping via a collection of attached attributes. This variable is called a *grid mapping variable* and is of arbitrary type since it contains no data. Its purpose is to act as a container for the attributes that define the mapping.

The one attribute that all grid mapping variables must have is `grid_mapping_name` which takes a string value that contains the mapping's name. The other attributes that define a specific mapping depend on the value of `grid_mapping_name`. The valid values of `grid_mapping_name` along with the attributes that provide specific map parameter values are described in the Appendix F of [8].

#### 7.3.10.1 Horizontal CRS

When the coordinate variables for an horizontal grid are longitude and latitude, a grid mapping variable with `grid_mapping_name` equal to `latitude_longitude` may be used to specify the ellipsoid and prime meridian.

**Requirement 31** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/HorizontalCRS: For any CF Variable defined on an horizontal grid not defined on latitude and longitude dimensions, true latitude and longitude coordinates **shall** be supplied as Coordinate Variables and associated via the `coordinates` attribute.

**In addition:** the attribute `grid_mapping` may be used to supply the description of the mapping between the given grid coordinate variables and the true latitude and longitude coordinates.

**In addition:** the `grid_mapping` attribute takes a string value which is the name of a Grid Mapping Variable

### 7.3.10.2 Grid mapping variable

**Requirement 32** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/GridMappingVariable: Any Grid Mapping Variable **shall** define the `grid_mapping_name` attribute..

Example of Horizontal grid data characterized by a grid mapping for rotated pole grid (i.e.  $T(\text{lev}, \text{rlat}, \text{rlon})$ )

```

dimensions:
  rlon = 128 ;
  rlat = 64 ;
  lev = 18 ;
variables:
  float T(lev,rlat,rlon) ;
    T:long_name = "temperature" ;
    T:units = "K" ;
    T:coordinates = "lon lat" ;
    T:grid_mapping = "rotated_pole" ;
  char rotated_pole
    rotated_pole:grid_mapping_name = "rotated_latitude_longitude" ;
    rotated_pole:grid_north_pole_latitude = 32.5 ;
    rotated_pole:grid_north_pole_longitude = 170. ;
  float rlon(rlon) ;
    rlon:long_name = "longitude in rotated pole grid" ;
    rlon:units = "degrees" ;
    rlon:standard_name = "grid_longitude";
  float rlat(rlat) ;
    rlat:long_name = "latitude in rotated pole grid" ;
    rlat:units = "degrees" ;
    rlon:standard_name = "grid_latitude";
  float lev(lev) ;
    lev:long_name = "pressure level" ;
    lev:units = "hPa" ;
  float lon(rlat,rlon) ;
    lon:long_name = "longitude" ;
    lon:units = "degrees_east" ;
  float lat(rlat,rlon) ;
    lat:long_name = "latitude" ;
    lat:units = "degrees_north" ;

```

### 7.3.11 Grid Cells

When gridded data does not represent the point values of a field but instead represents some characteristic of the field within cells of finite "volume," a complete description of the variable should include metadata that describes the domain or extent of each cell, and the characteristic of the field that the cell values represent [8].

### 7.3.12 Cell Boundary Variable

The attribute `bounds` is used to represent cells to the appropriate coordinate variable(s). The value of `bounds` is the name of the variable that contains the vertices of the cell boundaries.

This type of variable is referred as "boundary variable." A boundary variable will have one more dimension than its associated `Coordinate` or `Auxiliary Coordinate Variable`. The additional dimension must be the most rapidly varying one, and its size is the maximum number of cell vertices.

Since a boundary variable is considered to be part of a coordinate variable's metadata, it is not necessary to provide it with attributes such as `long_name` and `units`.

This approach supports both regular and non-regular grids (i.e. non-contiguous intervals defined on a given axis).

**Requirement 33** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/BoundaryVariable: Any Boundary Variable **shall** define one more dimension than its associated `Coordinate` or `Auxiliary Coordinate Variable`.

**In addition**, The additional dimension **shall** be the most rapidly varying one, and its size is the maximum number of cell vertices

Example of cell boundaries on a latitude and longitude axes.

```

dimensions:
  lat = 45;
  lon = 57;
  nv = 2; // number of vertices

variables:
  double lat(lat);
    lat:long_name = "latitude";
    lat:units = "degrees_north";
    lat:bounds = "lat_bnds";
  double lon(lon);
    lon:long_name = "longitude";
    lon:units = "degrees_east";
    lon:bounds = "lon_bnds";

```

```
double lat_bnds(lat, nv);
double lon_bnds(lon, nv);
```

### 7.3.13 Cell Measure Variable

For some calculations, information is needed about the size, shape or location of the cells that cannot be deduced from the coordinates and bounds without special knowledge that a generic application cannot be expected to have [8].

To indicate such extra information, a `cell_measures` attribute may be defined for a variable. This is a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated pairs of words of the form `"measure: name"`. For the moment, `"area"` and `"volume"` are the only defined measures, but others may be supported in future. The `"name"` is the name of the variable containing the measure values, which we refer to as a `"measure variable"`.

The dimensions of the measure variable must be the same as or a subset of the dimensions of the variable to which they are related. In the case of area, for example, the field itself might be a function of longitude, latitude, and time, but the variable containing the area values would only include longitude and latitude dimensions.

The measure variable must have a `units` attribute and may have other attributes such as a `standard_name`.

#### 7.3.13.1 Cell measures

**Requirement 34** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMeasures: cell_measures` attribute **shall** be a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated pairs of words of the form `"measure: name"`.

#### 7.3.13.2 Measure variable

**Requirement 35** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/MeasureVariable: Measure Variable` dimensions **shall** be the same as or a subset of the dimensions of the `CF Variable` to which they are related.

Example of cell areas for a spherical geodesic grid.

```
dimensions:
  cell = 2562 ; // number of grid cells
  time = 12 ;
  nv = 6 ; // maximum number of cell vertices
variables:
  float PS(time,cell) ;
    PS:units = "Pa" ;
    PS:coordinates = "lon lat" ;
    PS:cell_measures = "area: cell_area" ;
```



```

float lon(cell) ;
    lon:long_name = "longitude" ;
    lon:units = "degrees_east" ;
    lon:bounds="lon_vertices" ;
float lat(cell) ;
    lat:long_name = "latitude" ;
    lat:units = "degrees_north" ;
    lat:bounds="lat_vertices" ;
float time(time) ;
    time:long_name = "time" ;
    time:units = "days since 1979-01-01 0:0:0" ;
float cell_area(cell) ;
    cell_area:long_name = "area of grid cell" ;
    cell_area:standard_name="area";
    cell_area:units = "m2"
float lon_vertices(cell,nv) ;
float lat_vertices(cell,nv) ;

```

### 7.3.13.3 Cell Methods

To describe the characteristic of a field that is represented by cell values, the `cell_methods` attribute of the variable is defined. This is a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated words of the form "*name: method*". Each "*name: method*" pair indicates that for an axis identified by *name*, the cell values representing the field have been determined or derived by the specified *method* [8].

For example, if data values have been generated by computing time means, then this could be indicated with `cell_methods="t: mean"`, assuming here that the name of the time dimension variable is "t".

In the specification of the `cell_methods` attribute, *name* can be a dimension of the variable, a scalar coordinate variable, a valid standard name, or the word "area". (See [Section 7.3.4, "Cell methods when there are no coordinates"](#) of [8] concerning the use of standard names in `cell_methods`).

The values of *method* should be: `point`, `sum`, `mean`, `maximum`, `minimum`, `mid_range`, `standard_deviation`, `variance`, `mode`, and `median`.

**Requirement 36** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMethods: `cell_methods` attribute shall be a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated words of the form "*name: method*".

**In addition**, *name* can be: a Dimension of the variable (defining the attribute), a Scalar Coordinate Variable, a valid standard name, or the word "area".

**In addition**, the value of *method* should be: `point` | `sum` | `mean` | `maximum` |

```
minimum | mid_range | standard_deviation | variance, mode |
median.
```

Example: 12-hourly timeseries of pressure, temperature and precipitation from a number of stations, where pressure is measured instantaneously, maximum temperature for the preceding 12 hours is recorded, and precipitation is accumulated in a rain gauge [8].

```
dimensions:
  time = UNLIMITED; // (5 currently)
  station = 10;
  nv = 2;
variables:
  float pressure(station,time)(time,station);
  pressure:long_name = "pressure";
  pressure:units = "kPa";
  pressure:cell_methods = "time: point";
  float maxtemp(station,time)(time,station);
  maxtemp:long_name = "temperature";
  maxtemp:units = "K";
  maxtemp:cell_methods = "time: maximum";
  float ppn(station,time)(time,station);
  ppn:long_name = "depth of water-equivalent precipitation";
  ppn:units = "mm";
  ppn:cell_methods = "time: sum";
  double time(time);
  time:long_name = "time";
  time:units = "h since 1998-4-19 6:0:0";
  time:bounds = "time_bnds";
  double time_bnds(time,nv);
data:
  time = 0., 12., 24., 36., 48.;
  time_bnds = -12.,0., 0.,12., 12.,24., 24.,36., 36.,48.;
```

#### 7.4 The Discrete Sampling Geometries extension data model

Datasets representing Discrete Sampling Geometries -such as time series, vertical profiles and trajectories- are characterized by a dimensionality that is lower than that of the space-time region that is sampled; discrete sampling geometries are typically “paths” through space-time.

CF ver. 1.6 specification [16] represents Discrete Sampling Geometries datasets as Feature Collections which are a collection of Feature (i.e. instances) made up of data Elements. **Figure 5** and **Figure 6** shows the conventions model.

CF partially inspired the O&M 2.0 Sampling Feature model [OGC 10-004r1], as well. Therefore, this extension model may be tied to O&M –see the Future Work paragraph.

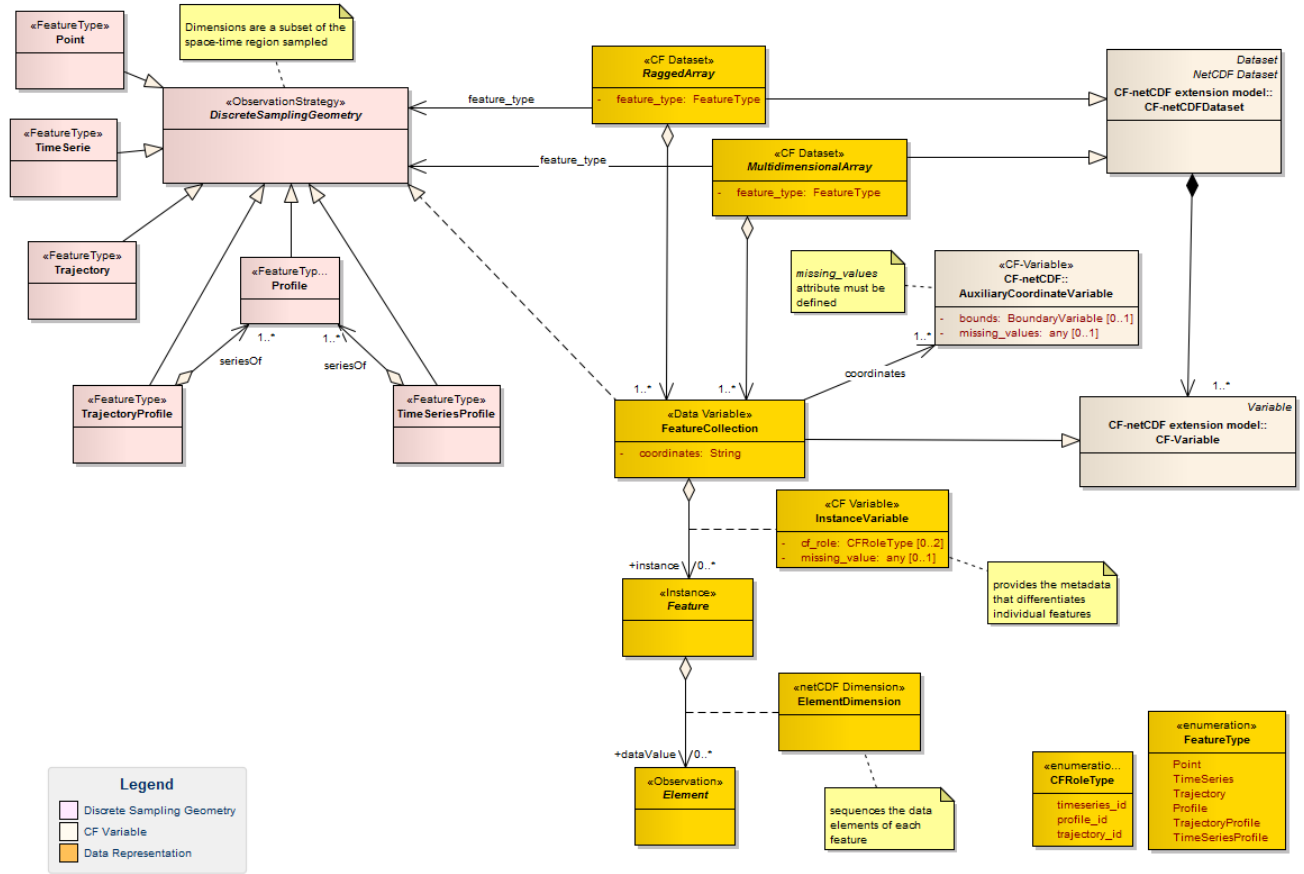


Figure 5 - Discrete Sampling Geometries data model: context

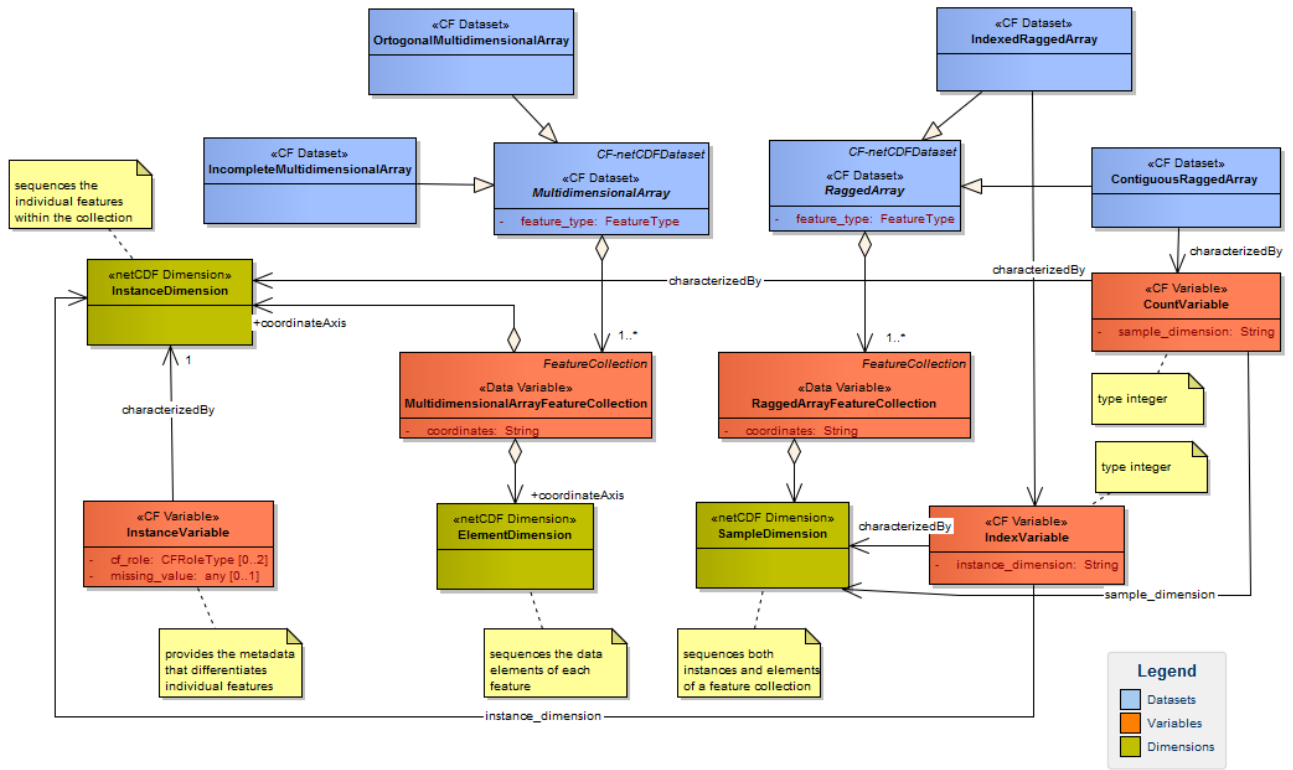


Figure 6 - Discrete Sampling Geometries data model: data representations

### 7.5 “CF-netCDF Discrete Sampling” requirements class

The “CF-netCDF Discrete Sampling” requirements class (URI: [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling)) must be applied to those datasets implementing the Discrete Sampling extension data model of CF-netCDF (see Figure 5 and Figure 6).

This requirements class is comprised of 15 requirements (from req 37 to req 51) described by the following clauses.

#### 7.5.1 Structural adherence

**Requirement 37** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/DistrictSamplingGeometriesModel: Any data instantiating a concrete CF-netCDF DistrictSamplingGeometry dataset shall conform with the UML diagrams in Figure 5 and Figure 6.

#### 7.5.2 Features and Feature Types

The features contained within a collection must always be of the same type; and all the collections contained in a CF file must be of the same feature type.

7.5.2.1 Feature collection

**Requirement 38** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureCollection: CF-netCDF Feature Collection **shall** contain Feature instances of the same type.

7.5.2.2 Feature

**Requirement 39** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature: CF-netCDF Dataset **shall** contain Feature Collection variables of the same feature type.

7.5.2.3 Feature types

For the scope of this standard, Feature Types are listed in Table 2 along with their mandatory dimensions [16].

Table 2 - Mandatory dimensions for Feature Type

featureType	Description of a single feature with this discrete sampling geometry	
	Form of a data variable containing values defined on a collection of these features	Mandatory space-time coordinates for a collection of these features
point	a single data point (having no implied coordinate relationship to other points)	
	data(i)	x(i) y(i) t(i)
timeSeries	a series of data points at the same spatial location with monotonically increasing times	
	data(i,o)	x(i) y(i) t(i,o)
trajectory	a series of data points along a path through space with monotonically increasing times	
	data(i,o)	x(i,o) y(i,o) t(i,o)
profile	an ordered set of data points along a vertical line at a fixed horizontal position and fixed time	
	data(i,o)	x(i) y(i) z(i,o) t(i)
timeSeriesProfile	a series of profile features at the same horizontal position with monotonically increasing times	
	data(i,p,o)	x(i) y(i) z(i,p,o) t(i,p)
trajectoryProfile	a series of profile features located at points ordered along a trajectory	
	data(i,p,o)	x(i,p) y(i,p) z(i,p,o) t(i,p)

i=instance dimension; o, p=element dimensions; x and y=horizontal dimensions; z=vertical dimension; t=temporal dimension.

**Requirement 40** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureTypeDimension:  
Any CF-netCDF Feature Collection variable implementing a Feature type **shall** define the Dimensions specified in Table 2.

### 7.5.3 Collections, instances and elements

Referring to Table 2, the Instance Dimension (dimension with subscript *i*) identifies a particular feature within a collection of features. Instance Variable is a one-dimensional variable (defined in a Discrete Geometry CF Dataset), which has *only* this dimension (such as  $x(i)$   $y(i)$  and  $z(i)$  for a TimeSeries. Instance Variables provide the metadata that differentiates individual features [16].

Feature data values are defined as Elements. The Element Dimensions (dimensions with subscripts *o* and *p*) distinguish the data elements that compose a single Feature. For example in a collection of TimeSeries features, each time series instance, *i*, has data values at various times, *o*. In a collection of Profile features, the subscript, *o*, provides the index position along the vertical axis of each profile instance [16]

### 7.5.4 Representations of collections of features in data variables

The individual Features within a Collection need not necessarily contain the same number of Elements. For example, observed *in situ* time series will commonly contain unique numbers of time points, reflecting different deployment dates of the instruments. Other data sources, such as the output of numerical models, may commonly generate features of identical size.

Four types of representation are possible [16], see Figure 5:

- two Multidimensional Array representations, in which each Feature instance is allocated the identical amount of storage space. In these representations the Instance Dimension and the Element Dimension(s) are distinct CF Coordinate Axes;
- two Ragged Array representations, in which each Feature is provided with the minimum amount of space that it requires. In these representations the instances of the individual Features are stacked sequentially along the same array dimension as the Elements of the Features; this combined dimension is defined as Sample Dimension.

#### 7.5.4.1 Multidimensional array

**Requirement 41** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MultidimensionalArray: Any Multidimensional Array Feature Collection **shall** have both an Instance Dimension and an Element Dimension.

#### 7.5.4.2 Ragged array

**Requirement 42** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/RaggedArray: Any Ragged Array Feature Collection **shall** have a Sample Dimension.

In addition, the Sample Dimension is occupied by both an Instance Dimension and an Element Dimension.

#### 7.5.5 Orthogonal multidimensional array representation

The Orthogonal Multidimensional Array representation is the simplest representation; it can be used if each Feature instance in the Collection has identical Coordinates along the Element Dimension of the Features.

**Requirement 43** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/OrthogonalMultidimensionalArray: Any Feature instance of an Orthogonal Multidimensional Array Feature Collection **shall** have identical Coordinates along the Element Dimension.

#### 7.5.6 Incomplete multidimensional array representation

The Incomplete Multidimensional Array representation can be used if the features within a collection do not all have the same number of Elements, but sufficient storage space is available to allocate the number of Elements required by the longest Feature to all Features. That is, Features that are shorter than the longest Feature must be padded with missing values to bring all instances to the same storage size [16].

#### 7.5.7 Contiguous ragged array representation

The Contiguous Ragged Array representation can be used only if the size of each Feature is known at the time that it is created [16].

In this representation, the Dataset contains a Count Variable, which must be of type integer and must have the Instance Dimension as its sole dimension. The Count Variable contains the number of Elements that each Feature has.

This representation and its `Count Variable` are identifiable by the presence of an attribute, `sample_dimension`, found on the `Count Variable`, which names the `Sample Dimension` being counted.

#### 7.5.7.1 Contiguous Ragged array

**Requirement 44** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArray`: Any `Contiguous Ragged Array` dataset **shall** have a `Count Variable`.

#### 7.5.7.2 Contiguous ragged array sample dimension

**Requirement 45** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArraySampleDimension`: Any `Count Variable` **shall** define the attribute `sample_dimension`.

**In addition**, the attribute `sample_dimension` names the `Sample Dimension` being counted.

### 7.5.8 Indexed ragged array representation

The `Indexed Ragged Array` representation stores the features interleaved along the `Sample Dimension` in the `Feature Collection` data variable. The canonical use case for this representation is the storage of real-time data streams that contain reports from many sources.

In this representation, the `Dataset` contains an `Index Variable`, which must be of type `integer`, and must have the `Sample Dimension` as its single dimension.

The `Index Variable` contains the zero-based index of the `Feature` to which each `Element` belongs.

This representation and its `Index Variable` are identifiable by the presence of an attribute, `instance_dimension` which names the dimension of the `Instance Variables` (i.e. the `Instance Dimensions`).

#### 7.5.8.1 Indexed ragged array

**Requirement 46** `/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArray`: Any `Indexed Ragged Array` dataset **shall** have an `Index Variable`.

**In addition**, the `Index Variable` **must** be of type `integer`.

**In addition**, the `Index Variable` **must** have the `Sample Dimension` as its single dimension.



### 7.5.8.2 Indexed ragged array instance dimension

**Requirement 47** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-

**DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArrayInstanceDimension:** Any Index Variable **shall** define the attribute `instance_dimension`.

**In addition**, the attribute `instance_dimension` names the Instance Dimension characterizing the Instance Variables of the dataset

### 7.5.9 FeatureType attribute

The global attribute, `feature_type`, is required for all Discrete Sampling Geometry representations.

**Requirement 48** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature\_type: Any Ragged Array and Multidimensional Array dataset **shall** define an attribute `feature_type`.

**In addition**, the attribute `feature_type` **must** be: `point | timeSeries | trajectory | profile | timeSeriesProfile | trajectoryProfile`.

### 7.5.10 Coordinates and metadata

Every Element of every Feature must be unambiguously associated with its space and time coordinates and with the feature that contains it. The `coordinates` attribute must be attached to every Feature Collection data variable to indicate the spatiotemporal coordinate variables that are needed to geo-locate the data.

#### 7.5.10.1 Feature collection coordinates

**Requirement 49** /req/CF-netCDF/FeatureCollectionCoordinates: Any Feature Collection data variable **shall** define an attribute `coordinates`.

#### 7.5.10.2 Cf role

The `cf_role` attribute of Instance Variable identifies the roles of variables that identify features in discrete sampling geometries.

**Requirement 50** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Cf\_role: The attribute `cf_role` **must** be: `timeseries_id | profile_id | trajectory_id`.

### 7.5.11 Missing Data

Auxiliary Coordinate Variables (spatial and time), characterizing Feature Collection, must contain missing values to indicate a void in data storage in the file but must not have missing data for any other reason.

**Requirement 51** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MissingData: Auxiliary Coordinate Variables characterizing Feature Collection **shall** define the attribute `missing_values`.

### 7.5.12 Examples

Annotated examples of Discrete Sampling Geometries are in Appendix A9 of [16].

[file:///C:/Nativi/Activity/Standardization Initiatives/WCS-netCDF-CF/Grid mappings description:http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-conventions/1.1/ch05s06.html](file:///C:/Nativi/Activity/Standardization%20Initiatives/WCS-netCDF-CF/Grid%20mappings%20description:http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-conventions/1.1/ch05s06.html)

## 8 CF-netCDF Mapping to ISO Coverage Model

Having defined the CF-netCDF extension data model (see Figure 2), it is essential to specify its mapping to the ISO coverage model.

### 8.1 ISO Coverages and Grid Coverages

According to ISO 19123 [4], a coverage is a *feature* (e.g. a `Feature Collection` instance) that acts as a *function* to return values from its *range* for any direct position within its *spatial, temporal or spatiotemporal domain*.

The spatiotemporal domain of a discrete coverage may be a regular or semi-regular tessellation of the extent of the coverage. Point sets (multi-points coverages) and other sets of non-conterminous geometric objects do not form tessellations.

Grid coverages employ a systematic tessellation of the domain. The principal advantage of such tessellations is that they support a sequential enumeration of the elements of the domain, which makes data storage and access more efficient. The tessellation may represent how the data were acquired or how they were computed in a model. The domain of a grid coverage is a set of grid points [4].

### 8.2 Dimensionality Challenges

To explicitly map the CF-netCDF array data model (e.g. meteo-ocean multi-dimensional observation and physical model outputs) to the ISO Coverage data model, there is a need to address structural and semantics differences, applying the appropriate constraints and, hence, performing a mediation process.

Points to consider include:

- CF-netCDF data model supports datasets characterized by multiple domains (e.g. more than one coordinate system is defined for a dataset), whereas an ISO coverage is characterized by a single coordinate system.
- CF-netCDF data model supports datasets characterized by arbitrary multi-dimensional domains (e.g. collections of spatiotemporal coverages), whereas an ISO coverage domain is either 2-D (space), 3-D (2D + vertical dimension or 2D + time), 4-D (2D + vertical dimension + time).
- Most commonly, the domain axes of a CF-netCDF dataset coincide with reference system axes. However, CF-netCDF allows arbitrary domain shapes, i.e. domain axes ordering. Thus, it is possible to have a variable `v1` defined on a `<x, y, t, z>` domain and a variable `v2` defined on a `<z, x, t, y>` domain. Since there is a fixed enumeration of allowed compound CRSs in ISO coverages, the transformation of such generalized domain coordinates to ISO CRS coordinates may not be an affine transformation. In other words, mapping CF-netCDF

domains to ISO (geo)rectified domains may require axes reshaping and reordering.

In this document, a two steps approach is adopted to address these mapping issues: a first step consists in defining appropriate profiles for both data models. The second step deals with defining a set of mapping constraint rules, here expressed as conformance requirements.

### 8.3 CF-netCDF model mapping to ISO Coverage types

Clearly, CF-netCDF datasets encode discrete observations and measurements –i.e. *discrete coverages*.

CF-netCDF datasets (array oriented datasets) are mainly gridded and multi-point data. Thus, this standard will deal with multi-dimensional gridded point and multi-point data – i.e. *gridded point coverages* and *multi-point coverages*.

#### 8.3.1 CF-netCDF and Continuous coverages

In most cases, a continuous coverage is also associated with a discrete coverage that provides a set of control values to be used as a basis for evaluating the continuous coverage. Evaluation of the continuous coverage at other direct positions is done by interpolating between the geometry value pairs of the control set. This often depends upon additional geometric objects constructed from those in the control set; these additional objects are typically of higher topological dimension than the control objects.

In ISO 19123, such objects are called “geometry value objects”. A geometry value object is a geometric object associated with a set of geometry value pairs that provide the control for constructing the geometric object and for evaluating the coverage at direct positions within the geometric object.

A common example of geometry value object is represented by quadrilateral grid cell whose vertices are represented by four grid points (i.e. the set of geometry value pairs).

In the netCDF domain, the continuous quadrilateral grid coverage type is associated to a discrete grid point coverage type by sharing the same geometry grid and matrix values; the two coverage subclasses share the `GridValueMatrix` object and the derived `GridPointValuePair` objects. The real difference consists in the realization of the `locate()` operation, which is inherited from the `Coverage` super-type. Therefore, “the principal use of discrete point coverages is to provide a basis for continuous coverage functions, where the evaluation of the continuous coverage function is accomplished by interpolation between the points of the discrete point coverage”.

The same approach is applied in the case of a multi-point coverage (Discrete Point Coverage in ISO 19123). *The principal use of discrete point coverages is to provide a basis for continuous coverage functions, where the evaluation of the continuous coverage*

*function is accomplished by interpolation between the points of the discrete point coverage. Most interpolation algorithms depend upon a structured pattern of spatial relationships between the points. This requires either that the points in the spatial domain of the discrete point coverage be arranged in a regular way, or that the spatial domain of the continuous coverage be partitioned in a regular way in relation to the points of the discrete point coverage. Grid coverages employ the first method; Thiessen polygon and TIN coverages employ the second [4].*

In the case of netCDF data, the interpolation methods specified by the ISO continuous coverage classes do not apply in general. In fact, in most cases, any scientifically realistic interpolation depends on the physics of the situation as well as the geometry. Hence, any realistic interpolation is actually data dependent.

Therefore the netCDF data types don't implement the evaluation operation using interpolation methods.

They are mapped to the ISO discrete coverages because they actually represent sampled points in a continuous space where the intermediate values depend on the solution to physics-based equations that depend on the values of the range data.

#### **8.4 “CF-netCDF Mapping onto ISO 19123” requirements class**

The “CF-netCDF Mapping onto ISO 19123” requirements class (URI: [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping)) must be applied to map the CF-netCDF datasets to the ISO Coverage model (see **Figure 7**, **Figure 8** and **Figure 9**Figure 5).

This requirements class is comprised of 16 requirements (from req 52 to req 67) described by the following clauses.

##### **8.4.1 Coverage types**

The high-level abstract mapping model is depicted in **Figure 7**.

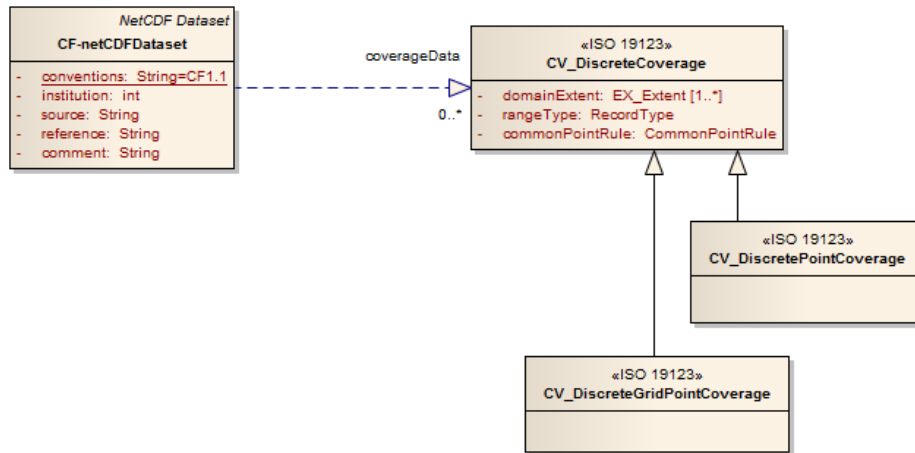


Figure 7. CF-netCDF dataset mapping to ISO coverage types

As far as the CF-netCDF and ISO19123 models are concerned, the following profiling constraints are introduced.

For the present standard, any group of CF-netCDF data variables that share the same set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables (e.g. Feature Collection objects) can be mapped to a single discrete coverage, ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage.

For the present standard, the following discrete coverage sub-types are considered: ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage and ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.

#### 8.4.1.1 Discrete grid point coverage

**Requirement 52** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/discreteGridPointCoverage: Any group of CF-netCDF data variables that share the same set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables **shall** realize ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage sub-types: ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage or ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.

**In addition**, the ISO19123:CV\_CoverageFunction shall not define any interpolation method.

Figure 8 depicts the ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage data model considered for this standard.

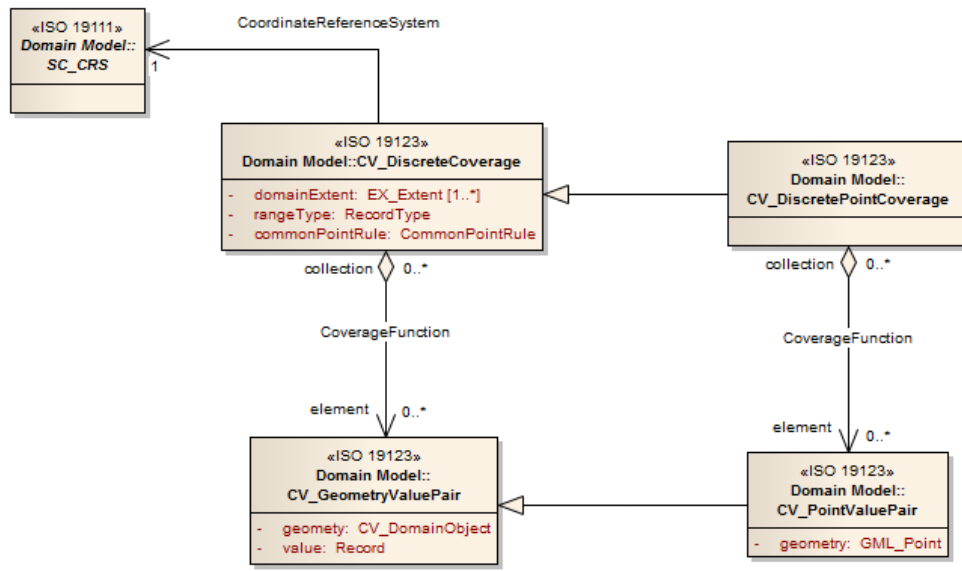


Figure 8. ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage data model

Figure 9 depicts the ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage data model considered for this standard.

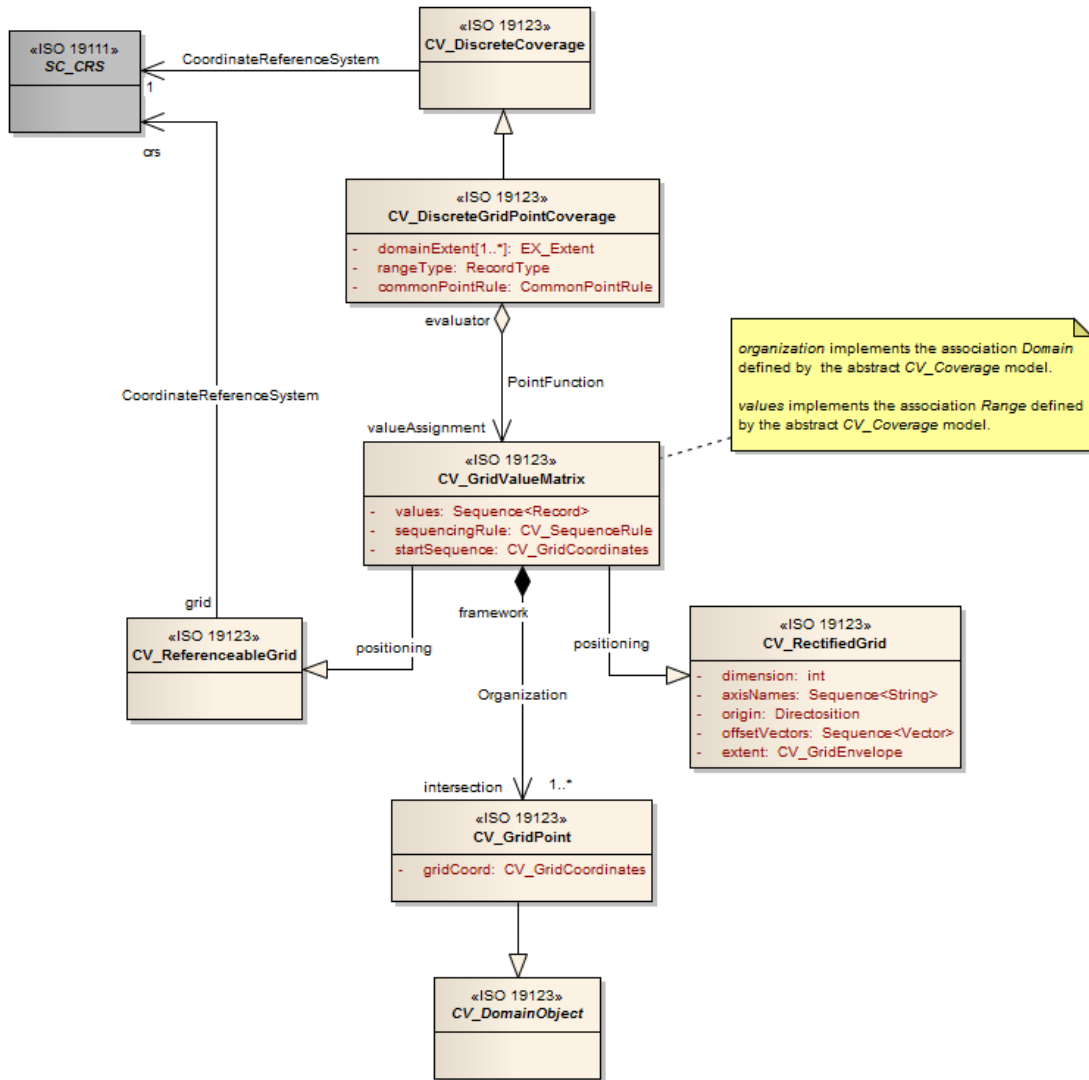


Figure 9. ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage data model

#### 8.4.2 Mapping rules

The abstract mapping between CF-netCDF data and ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage is showed in Figure 10.



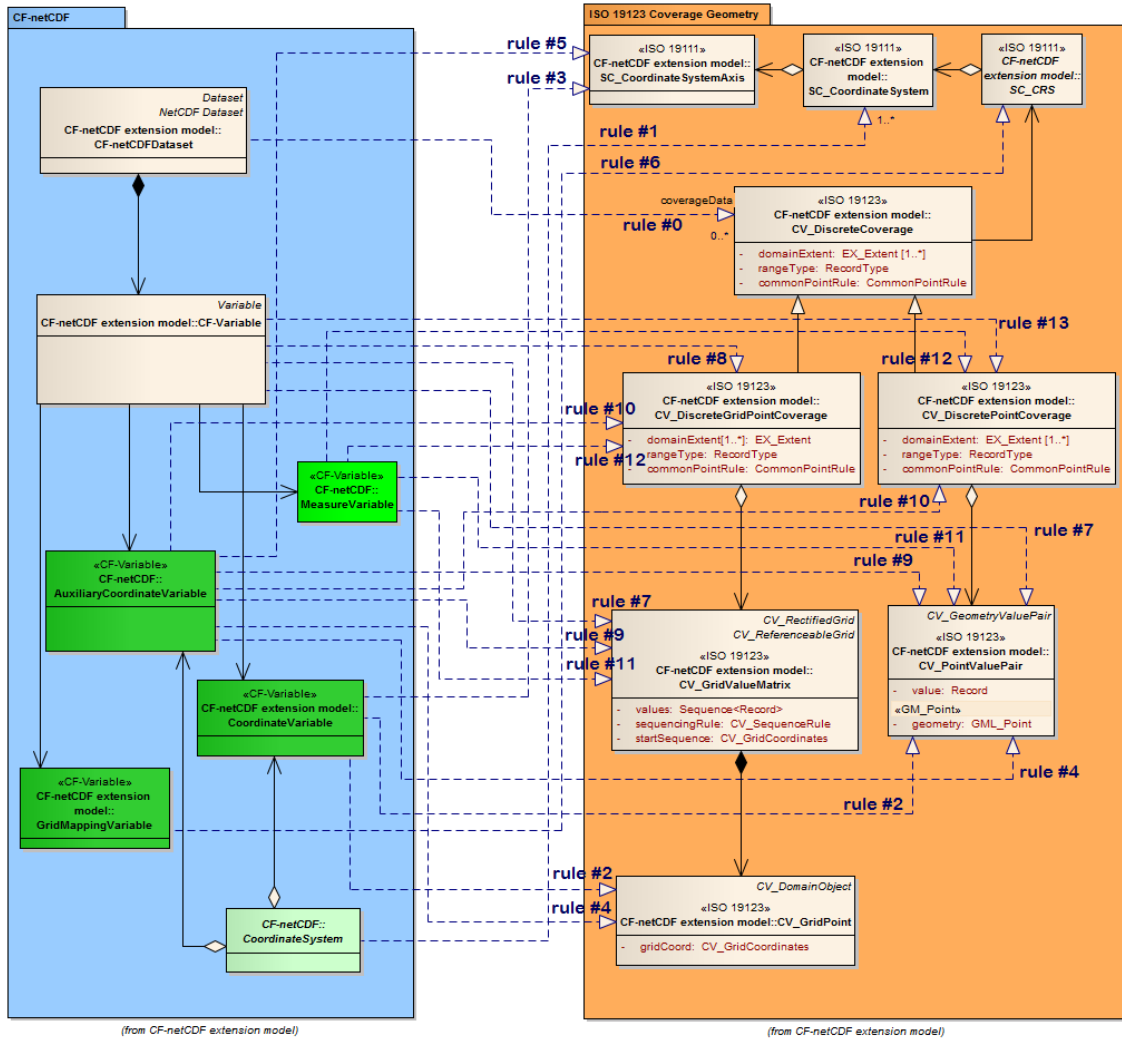


Figure 10. CF-netCDF dataset mapping ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage

### 8.4.3 Coordinate System

A set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables realizes the domain of the coverage, whose geometry is represented by either a single grid (ISO19123:CV\_Grid) or subtype of it.

#### 8.4.3.1 Coverage domain

**Requirement 53** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/CoverageDomain: the set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables, shared by CF-netCDF data Variables, shall realize either an ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValueMatrix. CV\_GridPoint.gridCoord or ISO19123:CV\_PointValuePair.geometry.

NOTE

The domain of each coverage may be described by the extent of the related coordinate axis variables.

#### 8.4.3.2 Dataset CS

CF-netCDF dataset `Coordinate System` is the composition of the set of coordinate variables / auxiliary coordinate variables commonly shared by CF-netCDF data variables. The coordinate variables / auxiliary coordinate variables realize the coordinate axes.

CF `Auxiliary Coordinate Variable` are used for encoding non standard spatial/temporal dimension (e.g. non monotonically crescent axes).

**Requirement 54** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCS: the CF-netCDF `Coordinate System` type, which is comprised of a set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables shared by CF-netCDF data variables, **shall** realize `ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem` or a subtype of it (i.e. `ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem` or `ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem`).

**Additionally**, the spatial/temporal `Coordinate Variables` and its subtypes (i.e. `Vertical Coordinate`, `Latitude Coordinate`, `Longitude Coordinate`, `Time Coordinate` elements), and the `Auxiliary Coordinate Variables` **shall** realize the related set of `SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.SC_CoordinateSystemAxis`

#### 8.4.3.3 Dataset CRS

The grid mapping and/or projection information maps to the `ISO1911:CRS` and the associated `ISO1911:CoordinateSystem` (e.g. the units of the coordinate system).

**Requirement 55** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCRS: the `Grid Mapping Variable` projection information characterizing a set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables, shared by CF-netCDF data variables, **shall** realize `ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.type` or a subtype of it.

## NOTES

To model “engineering” gridded datasets –i.e. datasets which are referred to a local defined coordinate system- the CRS is an application defined (i.e. engineering) CRS, characterized by an “engineering” datum (see ISO 19111). The associated `Coordinate System` has the origin and offset attributes coincident with the data grid Cartesian system origin and axes versors (i.e. unit vectors).

A Scalar Coordinate Variable is a coordinate variable that contains coordinate data. Functionally, it is equivalent to either a size one coordinate variable or a size one auxiliary coordinate variable

#### 8.4.3.4 Coverage function

#### 8.4.3.5 Dataset range

The data variables in a CF-netCDF dataset make up a discrete coverage *range* with each variable being a separate range field.

**Requirement 56** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRange: the CF-netCDF data Variables sharing the common set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables, **shall** realize one of the following objects:  
 (a) ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;  
 (b) ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value

**Additionally**, the CF Variable data values generate the CV\_GeometryValuePair record value(s): (a) CV\_GridValueMatrix.values.record entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any); (b) CV\_PointValuePair.value.record entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any).

#### NOTE

The attribute *values: Sequence <Record>* shall be a sequence of N feature attribute value records where N is the number of grid points (or multi-point instances) within the section of the grid (or multi-point domain) specified by *extent*.

#### 8.4.3.6 Dataset range type

The discrete coverage *range* is a list of records with an attribute for every related CF-netCDF variable sharing a common set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables.

**Requirement 57** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRangeType: the CF-netCDF data Variables sharing a common set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables/auxiliary coordinate variables, **shall** realize one of the following objects:  
 (a) CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it;  
 (b) CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.

#### 8.4.3.7 Mapping Auxiliary Coordinate Variables to range values

CF-netCDF dataset may be characterized by arbitrary multi-dimensional domains, whereas an ISO coverage domain is either 2-D (space), 3-D (2D + vertical dimension or 2D + time), 4-D (2D + vertical dimension + time). Thus, the extra dimensions (called parametric dimensions and described by the CF Auxiliary Coordinate Variable entity) must be treated as variables realizing the coverage data *range* (i.e. CF\_Variable).

**Requirement 58** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeValues: the CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variables (part of the dataset shared coordinate system) which are not space or time dimension, **shall** realize one of the following objects:

- (a) ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;
- (b) ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value

#### 8.4.3.8 Mapping Auxiliary Coordinate Variables to range type

**Requirement 59** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeType: the CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variables (part of the dataset shared coordinate system) which are not space or time dimension, **shall** realize one of the following objects:

- (a) CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it;
- (b) CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName).

#### 8.4.3.9 Mapping measure variables to range values

A CF-netCDF cell Measure Variable may be associated with a variable to indicate extra information about the spatial properties of a variable's grid cells (or point cells).

Measure Variable data values must be treated as a *range* dimension of coverage data.

**Requirement 60** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeValues: any CF-netCDF Measure Variable (characterising a CF Variable) **shall** realize one of the following objects:

- (a) ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;
- (b) ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value

#### 8.4.3.10 Mapping measure variables to range type

**Requirement 61** /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeType: any CF-netCDF Measure Variable (characterising a CF Variable) **shall** realize one of the following objects:

- (a) CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it;
- (b) CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName).

NOTE:

A Scalar Coordinate Variable is a coordinate variable that contains coordinate data. Functionally, it is equivalent to either a size one coordinate variable or a size one auxiliary coordinate variable

#### 8.4.4 CF Discrete Sampling Geometries

In keeping the previous mapping requirements, **Figure 11** depicts the CF Discrete Sampling Geometries mapping to ISO19123:DiscreteCoverage.

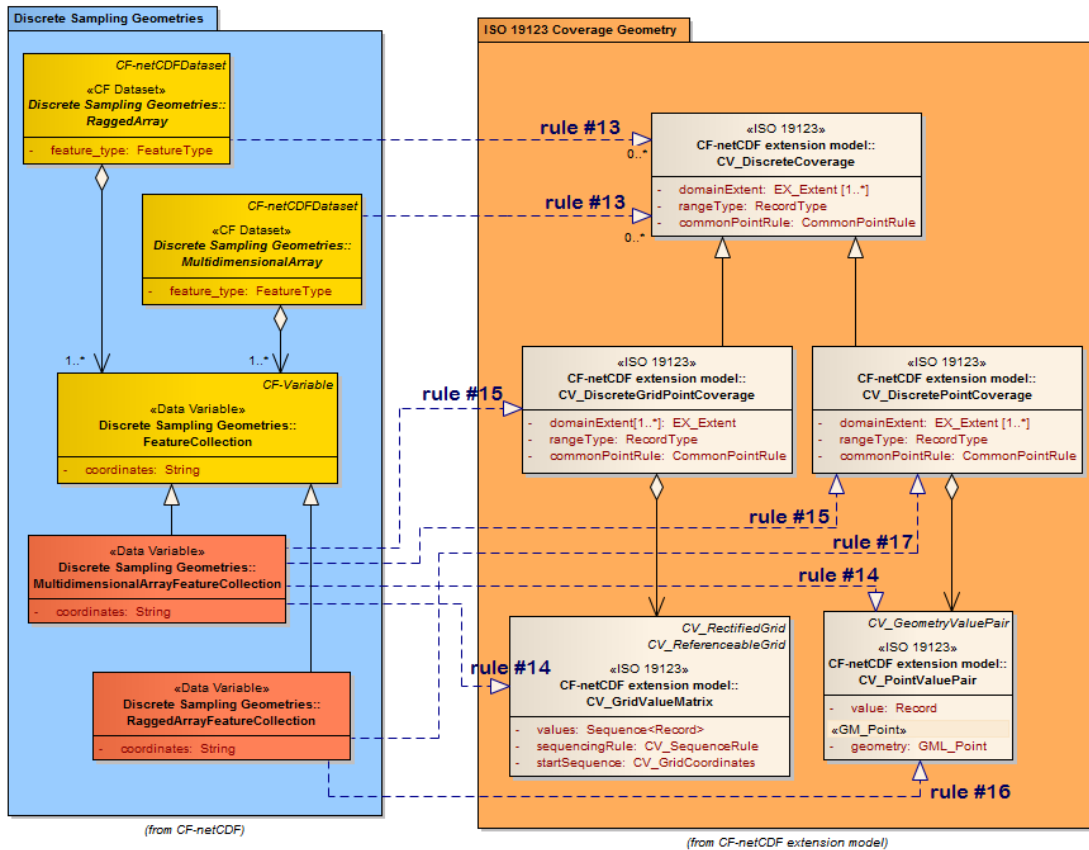


Figure 11 - CF-netCDF Discrete Sampling Geometries mapping ISO19123: DiscreteCoverage

CF RaggedArray and MultidimensionalArray entities are CF dataset subtypes; hence, they generate one or more ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage instances.

##### 8.4.4.1 Ragged array

**Requirement 62 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/RaggedArray:** Any CF-netCDF Ragged Array shall realize ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage sub-

type: ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage

**In addition**, the ISO19123:CV\_CoverageFunction shall not define any interpolation method.

#### 8.4.4.2 MultidimensionalArray

##### Requirement 63 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-

**ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/MultidimensionalArray:** Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array **shall** realize

ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteCoverage sub-types:  
 ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage or  
 ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.

**In addition**, the ISO19123:CV\_CoverageFunction shall not define any interpolation method.

#### 8.4.5 Feature collections

A CF-netCDF Feature Collection is a CF Variable; hence, it generates an ISO19123:CV\_CoverageFunction instance. For CF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection, each feature instance is allocated the identical amount of storage space. Both *orthogonal multidimensional array* and *incomplete multidimensional array* representations may encode feature instances in the collection which have identical coordinates along the element axis of the features. Therefore, it is possible to map those arrays on either

ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValuesMatrix or  
 ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.

Ragged Array Feature Collection comprises features which are not characterized by identical coordinates along the element axis of the features. In these representations the instances of the individual features are stacked sequentially along the same array dimension as the elements of the features. Hence, they can be mapped (in an unambiguous way) only to

ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair

##### 8.4.5.1 Mapping multidimensional array feature collection to range values

##### Requirement 64 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-

**ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues:** Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection **shall** realize one of the following objects:

- (a) ISO19123:CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV\_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;
- (b) ISO19123:CV\_DiscretePointCoverage.CV\_PointValuePair.value

**8.4.5.2 Mapping multidimensional array feature collection to range type**

**Requirement 65 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType:** Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection **shall** realize one of the following objects:  
 (a) `CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType` (i.e. `AttributeName, TypeName`) or a subtype of it;  
 (b) `CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType` (i.e. `AttributeName, TypeName`) or a subtype of it.

**8.4.5.3 Mapping ragged array feature collection to range values**

**Requirement 66 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues:** Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection **shall** realize an `ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value` or a subtype of it.

**8.4.5.4 Mapping ragged array feature collection to range type**

**Requirement 67 /req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType:** Any CF-netCDF Ragged Array Feature Collection **shall** realize an `ISO10123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType` (i.e. `AttributeName, TypeName`) or a subtype of it.

**8.4.6 Mapping rules Summary**

A summary of the mapping rules are reported in the **Table 3**, **Table 4** and **Table 5**.

**Table 3. Summary of relationships between CF-netCDF3 and CV\_DiscreteGridPointCoverage models: main packages**

CF-netCDF concept	ISO Discrete Coverage concept	Mapping Cardinality (obligation)	Description and constraints	Rule #
CF Dataset	<code>CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage</code> or <code>CV_DiscretePointCoverage</code>	1 to 0..n	Grouping the CF_Variables defined in a dataset by their CoordinateSystem, a <code>CV_DiscreteCoverage</code> may be defined for each group. The <code>CV_DiscreteCoverage</code> is realized as either a <code>CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage</code> or a	0

			<p><i>CV_DiscretePointCoverage</i>.</p> <p>The association of groups and coverages may not be one-to-one, since the concept of coordinate system in CF-netCDF is wider than CRS (see table Table 5). Hence, some of the obtained coverages may be further grouped together.</p> <p>It is possible that a CoordinateSystem entity does not contain any axes allowed in coverage CRS (i.e. only parametric dimension axes); the associated variables would then originate no <i>CV_DiscreteCoverage</i> instance.</p>	
<p>CF Variable <i>and sub-types related to a CoordinateSystem</i></p>	<p><i>CV_CoverageFunction</i></p>	<p>1 to 1</p>	<p>The CF Variable belongs to a group of variables which is mappable to ISO <i>CV_DiscreteCoverage</i></p> <p>See <b>Table 4</b></p>	<p>---</p>
<p>Coordinate System</p>	<p>CS_CRS</p>	<p>1 to 1</p>	<p>The CF-netCDF CoordinateSystem belongs to a group of variables which is mappable to ISO <i>CV_DiscreteCoverage</i></p> <p>See <b>Table 5</b></p>	<p>---</p>
<p>Discrete Sampling Geometry</p>	<p><i>CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage</i></p> <p>or</p> <p><i>CV_DiscretePointCoverage</i></p>	<p>1 to 0..n</p>	<p>A CF Discrete Sampling Geometry is a type of CF Dataset</p>	<p>13</p>
<p>Feature Collection</p>	<p><i>CV_CoverageFunction</i></p>	<p>1 to 1</p>	<p>A CF Feature Collection is a type of CF Variable</p> <p>See <b>Table 6</b></p>	<p>---</p>

**8.4.6.1 Coverage Function**

**Table 4. Summary of relationship between CF-netCDF and CV\_DiscreteCoverage models: Coverage Function package**



CF-netCDF concept	ISO Discrete Coverage concept	Mapping Cardinality	Description and constraints	Rule #
<i>Dataset</i> CF Variable	ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValueMatrix.values  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value	1 to 1	<p>The set of CF Variables comprising the group that shares a common Coordinate System (whose axes are the set of spatial/temporal CF Coordinate Variables/Auxiliary Coordinate Variables).</p> <p>The CF Variable data values generate the range set record values, as either:                      CV_GridValueMatrix.values .record entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any) or                      CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any)</p>	7
<i>Dataset</i> CF Variable	CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)	1 to 1	<p>The <i>range</i> of each CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage is a list of records with an attribute for every related CF-netCDF Variable and for every CF CoordinateVariable/Auxiliary Coordinate Variable (defined by the shared Coordinate System).</p> <p>Thus, the CF Variable properties (i.e. <i>name</i> and <i>type</i>) realize the CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or the analogous for multi-point coverages</p>	8
<i>Dataset</i> Auxiliary Coordinate Variable	ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValueMatrix.values  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value	1 to 1	<p>A CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variable may be used to realize a non spatial/temporal dimension (e.g. <i>pressure</i>, <i>density</i>, <i>salinity</i>).</p> <p>That is not allowed in a coverage CRS (i.e. parametric dimension axes). Thus, the auxiliary coordinate variable does not behave like a</p>	9

			discrete coverage <i>domain</i> axis; on the contrary, it behaves like a discrete coverage <i>range</i> axis	
<i>Dataset</i> Auxiliary Coordinate Variable	CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variable may be used to realize a non spatial/temporal dimension (e.g. <i>pressure</i> , <i>density</i> , <i>salinity</i> ).  That is not allowed in a coverage CRS (i.e. parametric dimension axes). Thus, the auxiliary coordinate variable does not behave like a discrete coverage <i>domain</i> axis; on the contrary, it behaves like a discrete coverage <i>range</i> axis.	10
<i>Dataset</i> MeasureVariable	ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF cell Measure Variable is associated with a variable to indicate extra information about the spatial properties of a variable's grid cells (or point cells).  A CF-netCDF cell Measure Variable must be treated as a range variable of the coverage.	11
<i>Dataset</i> MeasureVariable	CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF cell Measure Variable is associated with a variable to indicate extra information about the spatial properties of a variable's grid cells (or point cells).  A CF-netCDF cell Measure Variable must be treated as a range variable of the coverage	12

**Note:** A Scalar Coordinate Variable is a coordinate variable that contains coordinate data. Functionally, it is equivalent to either a size one coordinate variable or a size one auxiliary coordinate variable

**8.4.6.2 Coverage Coordinate System and Grid Geometry**

**Table 5. Summary of relationship between the CF-netCDF and the DiscreteCoverage profile models:  
Coordinate System package**

CF-netCDF concept	ISO Discrete Coverage concept	Mapping Cardinality	Description and constraints	Rule #
Coordinate System	<p>CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem</p> <p>or</p> <p>CV_DiscretePointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem</p>	1 to 1	<p>Parametric coordinate systems are allowed in CF-netCDF but not in ISO CRS<sup>1</sup>. A coordinate system is of type parametric if a physical or material property is used as a dimension [21]; valuable examples are pressure in meteorology and density in oceanography.</p> <p>It is possible that a CF-netCDF Coordinate System entity does not contain any axes allowed in ISO coverage CRS (i.e. only parametric dimension axes);</p> <p>Only spatial and temporal coordinates in a CF-netCDF Coordinate System become part of a coverage CRS, whereas parametric dimension axes are mapped to compound range set components.</p>	1
<p><i>Spatial/temporal</i> CF Coordinate Variable</p> <p>or subtypes (Latitude Coordinate, Longitude Coordinate, Vertical Coordinate, Time Coordinate)</p>	<p>ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValueMatrix.CV_GridPoint.gridCoord or sub-types (e.g. ISO19123:CV_GridValueMatrix)</p> <p>or</p> <p>ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.geometry.GM_Point</p>	1 to 1	The set of monotonically crescent spatial/temporal coordinate variables (shared by a group of CF Variables) maps to the discrete coverage domain set, whose geometry is represented by either a single grid ISO19123:CV_Grid or a set of points, GM_Points	2
<i>Spatial/temporal</i> CF CoordinateVariable	CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.SC_C	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF spatial/temporal Coordinate Variable shared by a group of CF	3

<sup>1</sup> Future extension to ISO 19111 (see ISO/CD19111-2) may permit parametric CRS, that would accommodate the pressure axis.

or subtypes (Latitude Coordinate, Longitude Coordinate, Vertical Coordinate, Time Coordinate)	coordinateSystemAxis or CV_DiscretePointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem. SC_CoordinateSystemAxis		Variables.	
CF Auxiliary Coordinate Variable	ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValueMatrix.CV_GridPoint.gridCoordinate or sub-types (e.g. ISO19123:CV_GridValueMatrix) or ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.geometry.GM_Point	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variable realizes a "non-standard" or non monotonically crescent spatial/temporal dimension, which is shared by a group of CF Variables (e.g. CF Feature Collections).  Coordinate data values map to the discrete coverage domain set, whose geometry is represented by either a single grid ISO19123:CV_Grid or a set of points, GM_Points	4
CF Auxiliary Coordinate Variable	CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.SC_CoordinateSystemAxis or CV_DiscretePointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem. SC_CoordinateSystemAxis	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variable realizes a "non-standard" or non monotonically crescent spatial/temporal dimension, which is shared by a group of CF Variables (e.g. CF Feature Collections).	5
Grid Mapping Variable	ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.type	1 to 1	CF Grid Mapping Variable is used as a container for attributes that define a specific grid mapping.	6

### 8.4.6.3 CF Discrete Sampling Geometries

**Table 6.** Summary of relationship between the CF-netCDF and the DiscreteCoverage profile models: Discrete Sampling Geometries package

CF-netCDF concept	ISO Discrete Coverage concept	Mapping Cardinality	Description and constraints	Rule #
CF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection	ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection is a CF Variable whose feature instances are defined on a set of common element axes	14
CF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection	CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)  or  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection is a CF Variable whose feature instances have common dimensions along the set of common element axes.	15
CF Ragged Array Feature Collection	ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection is a CF Variable whose feature instances have different dimensions along the common set of element axes.	16
CF Ragged Array Feature Collection	ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType entry (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName)	1 to 1	A CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection is a CF Variable whose feature instances have different dimensions along the common set of element axes.	17

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<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/>
- [6] NetCDF documents available at: <http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/>
- [7] NetCDF Users Guide available at:  
<http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf.html>
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## Annex A (normative)

### Abstract test suite

A WCS CF-netCDF extension implementation must satisfy the following system characteristics to be conformant with this standard.

#### A.1 Conformance Test Classes: CF-netCDF-1.6

This document establishes three conformance classes *CF-netCDF*, with URIs:

1. [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core).
2. [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling)
3. [http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF\\_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping](http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping)

#### A.2 CF-netCDF-1.6-core conformance class

This is the *core* conformance class for this standard.

There is a dependency on the *core* conformance class for OGC Network Common Data Form (netCDF) Core Encoding Standard version 1.0 (OGC 10-090r3).

Conformance Class							
<b><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core</a></b>							
Requirements	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core</a>						
Dependency	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf/1.0/conf/core">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netcdf/1.0/conf/core</a>						
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence</a>						
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">Requirement</td> <td><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence</a></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">Test purpose</td> <td>Any data instantiating a concrete CF-netCDF dataset shall conform with the UML diagrams in Figure 3 and Figure 4</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">Test method</td> <td>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that it represents information using the entities and the relations shown in the UML diagrams in Figure 3 and Figure 4.</td> </tr> </table>	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence</a>	Test purpose	Any data instantiating a concrete CF-netCDF dataset shall conform with the UML diagrams in Figure 3 and Figure 4	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that it represents information using the entities and the relations shown in the UML diagrams in Figure 3 and Figure 4.
Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/structural-adherence</a>						
Test purpose	Any data instantiating a concrete CF-netCDF dataset shall conform with the UML diagrams in Figure 3 and Figure 4						
Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that it represents information using the entities and the relations shown in the UML diagrams in Figure 3 and Figure 4.						
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-</a>						

	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Conventions">core/Conventions</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Conventions">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Conventions</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Dataset that uses the CF convention shall define the global attribute Conventions to the string value "CF-1.6".
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that its global attribute Conventions is equal to "CF-1.6".
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/NamingConventions">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/NamingConventions</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/NamingConventions">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/NamingConventions</a>
	Test purpose	CF-netCDF Variable, Dimension and Attribute names shall begin with a letter and be composed of letters, digits, and underscores .
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that all Variables , Dimensions and Attributes names begin with a letter and are composed of letters, digits, and underscore characters.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ReservedAttributeNames">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ReservedAttributeNames</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ReservedAttributeNames">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ReservedAttributeNames</a>
	Test purpose	CF-netCDF Attribute names commencing with underscore ('_') shall be reserved for use by the netCDF library / <b>req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ReservedAttributeNames</b> : CF-netCDF Attribute names commencing with underscore ('_') <b>shall</b> be reserved for use by the netCDF library.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that no Attribute name, defined by the Authors, begins with the underscore ('_') character.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardAttributeNames">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardAttributeNames</a>	
	requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardAttributeNames">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardAttributeNames</a>
	Test purpose	The list of CF-netCDF Attribute names reported in the Appendix A of [8] shall be considered standard names and therefore reserved.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that no Attribute name,

		defined by the Authors, matches any name reported in the Appendix A of [8].
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNames">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNames</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNames">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNames</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Variable shall define either a <code>standard_name</code> attribute or a <code>long_name</code> attribute.  Exception: this is not mandatory only for Boundary Variable
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that all Variables (with the exception of the Boundary Variables) have either a <code>standard_name</code> attribute or a <code>long_name</code> attribute.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNameValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNameValues</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNameValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/StandardNameValues</a>
	Test purpose	A <code>standard_name</code> shall contain no whitespace and shall be case sensitive.  In addition, the set of permissible <code>standard_name</code> s is contained in the CF standard name table published at: <a href="http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml">http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml</a>
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that all Variable <code>standard_names</code> match an entry of the CF standard name table (published at: <a href="http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml">http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml</a> ) and that do not contain any whitespace.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Dimensions">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Dimensions</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Dimensions">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Dimensions</a>
	Test purpose	For any CF-netCDF Variable, its Dimension names shall have different names.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that for any Variable its Dimensions have different names.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionsShape">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionsShape</a>	

	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionsShape">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionsShape</a>
	Test purpose	For a given spatial-temporal <code>CF-netCDF Variable</code> , its spatial-temporal <code>Dimensions</code> order shall appear in the relative order <code>T</code> , then <code>Z</code> , then <code>Y</code> , then <code>X</code> .  In addition, any other dimension shall be placed to the left of the spatiotemporal dimensions.
	Test method	Open the <code>CF-netCDF</code> data and verify that for any spatial-temporal <code>Variable</code> its dimensions order matches the following shape: <code>T</code> , then <code>Z</code> , then <code>Y</code> , then <code>X</code> . In addition, verify that any other <code>Dimension</code> (i.e. parametric dimensions) is placed to the left of the spatiotemporal dimensions.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Units">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Units</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Units">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/Units</a>
	Test purpose	Any dimensional <code>CF-netCDF Variable</code> (i.e. <code>CF-netCDF Variable</code> that represents dimensional quantity) shall define a <code>units</code> attribute.  Exception, this is not mandatory only for <code>Boundary Variable</code>  In addition, the <code>units</code> value may be physically equivalent (not necessarily identical) to the canonical units for the <code>Variable</code> .
	Test method	Open the <code>CF-netCDF</code> data and verify that any <code>Variable</code> that represents dimensional quantity (with the exception of <code>Boundary Variables</code> ) has a <code>units</code> attribute. In addition, verify that the <code>units</code> value may be physically equivalent (not necessarily identical) to the canonical units for the <code>Variable</code> .
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsValue">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsValue</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsValue">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsValue</a>
	Test purpose	Any <code>units</code> attribute value shall be a string that can be recognized by UNIDATA's <code>Udunits</code> package [9].  In addition, exceptions are the <code>units level</code> , <code>layer</code> , and <code>sigma_level</code> .
	Test method	Open the <code>CF-netCDF</code> data and verify that any <code>units</code> attribute value (with the exception of: the <code>units level</code> , <code>layer</code> , and <code>sigma_level</code> ) is recognized by the UNIDATA's <code>Udunits</code> package [9].

<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsConsistency">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsConsistency</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsConsistency">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/UnitsConsistency</a>
	Test purpose	The <code>units</code> of a <code>CF-Variable</code> shall be consistent with the units given in the standard name table (published at: <a href="http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml">http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml</a> )  In addition, the units must also be consistent with a specified <code>cell_methods</code> attribute, if one is present.
	Test method	Open the <code>CF-netCDF</code> data and verify that the <code>units</code> attribute value of any <code>CF-Variable</code> is consistent with the units given in the standard name table (published at: <a href="http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml">http://cf-pcmdi.llnl.gov/documents/cf-standard-names/standard-name-table/18/cf-standard-name-table.xml</a> ). In addition, if a <code>cell_methods</code> attribute is present, verify that the <code>units</code> is consistent with it.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData</a>
	Test purpose	Any <code>Variable</code> containing coordinate data shall be: a <code>Coordinate Variable</code>   an <code>Auxiliary Coordinate Variable</code>
	Test method	Open the <code>CF-netCDF</code> data and verify that any <code>Variable</code> containing coordinate information is either a <code>Coordinate Variable</code> entity or an <code>Auxiliary Coordinate Variable</code> entity.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData/CoordinateVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData/CoordinateVariable</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData/CoordinateVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateData/CoordinateVariable</a>
	Test purpose	A <code>Coordinate Variable</code> shall be defined for each <code>Dimension</code> that correspond to one dimensional space or time coordinates.
	Test method	Open the <code>CF-netCDF</code> data and verify that any <code>Dimension</code> that corresponds to one dimensional space or time coordinates has an associate <code>Coordinate Variable</code> .
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-</a>	

	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableDimension">core/CoordinateVariableDimension</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableDimension">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableDimension</a>
	Test purpose	Any Coordinate Variable shall have a single Dimension whose name matches the Variable name.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Coordinate Variable has a single Dimension whose name matches the Variable name.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableValues</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariableValues</a>
	Test purpose	Coordinate Variable values shall be ordered monotonically.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that the values of any Coordinate Variable is ordered monotonically.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttribute</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttribute</a>
	Test purpose	For any Coordinate Variable the attribute axis shall be given one of the values X, Y, Z or T.  In addition these values stand for a longitude, latitude, vertical, or time axis respectively for the CF-netCDF coordinate types: LongitudeCoordinate, LatitudeCoordinate, VerticalCoordinate, TimeCoordinate .
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any attribute axis of any Coordinate Variable has one of the following values: X, Y, Z or T.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttributeSemantic">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttributeSemantic</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttributeSemantic">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/AxisAttributeSemantic</a>
	Test purpose	The values X and Y for the axis attribute shall be used to identify horizontal coordinate variables.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that the values X and Y for the axis attribute identify horizontal coordinate variables.

<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/Missing_valuesAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/Missing_valuesAttribute</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/Missing_valuesAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CoordinateVariable/Missing_valuesAttribute</a>
	Test purpose	Coordinate Variable shall not define an attribute missing_values.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that no Coordinate Variable defines a missing_values attribute.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LatitudeCoordinate">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LatitudeCoordinate</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LatitudeCoordinate">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LatitudeCoordinate</a>
	Test purpose	For any Latitude Coordinate the units attribute values shall be: degrees_north   degree_north   degree_N,   degrees_N   degreeN   degreesN.  In addition, Coordinates of latitude with respect to a rotated pole should be given units of degrees, not degrees_north or equivalents.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that for any Latitude Coordinate the units attribute has one of the following values: degrees_north ; degree_north ; degree_N ; degrees_N ; degreeN ; degreesN. In addition, verify that coordinates of latitude with respect to a rotated pole have units of degrees, not degrees_north or equivalents.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LongitudeCoordinate">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LongitudeCoordinate</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LongitudeCoordinate">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/LongitudeCoordinate</a>
	Test purpose	For any Longitude Coordinate the units attribute values shall be: degrees_east   degree_east   degree_E   degrees_E   degreeE   degreesE.  In addition, Coordinates of longitude with respect to a rotated pole should be given units of degrees, not degrees_east or equivalents.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that for any Longitude Coordinate the units attribute has one of the following values: degrees_east ; degree_east ; degree_E ; degrees_E ; degreeE ; degreesE. In addition, verify that coordinates of longitude with respect to a rotated pole have units of degrees,

		not degrees_east or equivalents.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinatePositiveAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinatePositiveAttribute</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinatePositiveAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinatePositiveAttribute</a>
	Test purpose	Any Vertical Coordinate shall define the positive attribute whose values shall be: up   down.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Vertical Coordinate defines the positive attribute whose value is one of the followings: up ; down
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinateUnitsAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinateUnitsAttribute</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinateUnitsAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/VerticalCoordinateUnitsAttribute</a>
	Test purpose	For any Vertical Coordinate the units attribute values shall be: units of pressure as listed in the file udunits.dat (e.g. bar, millibar, decibar, atmosphere (atm), pascal (Pa), and hPa)   units of length as listed in the file udunits.dat (e.g. meter, metre, m, kilometer, km)   other units listed in the file udunits.dat that may under certain circumstances reference vertical position such as units of density or temperature.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that for any Vertical Coordinate the units attribute has one of the following values: units of pressure as listed in the file udunits.dat (e.g. bar, millibar, decibar, atmosphere (atm), pascal (Pa), and hPa) ; units of length as listed in the file udunits.dat (e.g. meter, metre, m, kilometer, km) ; other units listed in the file udunits.dat that may, under certain circumstances, reference vertical position such as units of density or temperature.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinate">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinate</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinate">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinate</a>
	Test purpose	Any Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate shall be defined in Appendix D of [8].
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate is defined in Appendix D of [8].
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinate">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinate</a>	



	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinateFormula_TermsAttribute">core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinateFormula_TermsAttribute</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinateFormula_TermsAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinateFormula_TermsAttribute</a>
	Test purpose	Any Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate shall define the formula_terms attribute. <b>req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/DimensionlessVerticalCoordinateFormula_TermsAttribute: Any Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate shall define the formula_terms attribute.</b>
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Dimensionless Vertical Coordinate has a formula_terms attribute.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateUnitsAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateUnitsAttribute</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateUnitsAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateUnitsAttribute</a>
	Test purpose	For any Time Coordinate the units attribute values shall be units of time as listed in the file udunits.dat (e.g. day or (d), hour or (hr, h), minute or (min), and second or (sec, s)).
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that for any Time Coordinate the units attribute value is a unit of time as listed in the file udunits.dat (e.g. day or (d), hour or (hr, h), minute or (min), and second or (sec, s)).
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateCalendarAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateCalendarAttribute</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateCalendarAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateCalendarAttribute</a>
	Test purpose	Any Time Coordinate shall define the calendar attribute  In addition, the values currently defined for calendar are: gregorian or standard   proleptic_gregorian   noleap or 365_day   all_leap or 366_day   360_day   julian   none.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Time Coordinate has a calendar attribute. In addition, verify that the calendar attribute has one of the following values: gregorian or standard; proleptic_gregorian; noleap or 365_day; all_leap or 366_day; 360_day; julian; none.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateCalendarAttribute">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateCalendarAttribute</a>	

	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateNonstandardCalendar">core/TimeCoordinateNonstandardCalendar</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateNonstandardCalendar">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/TimeCoordinateNonstandardCalendar</a>
	Test purpose	<p>Any Time Coordinate characterized by a nonstandard calendar shall define the month_lengths attribute to specify its calendar.</p> <p>In addition, the attribute value shall be for year: a vector of size 12, specifying the number of days in the months from January to December.</p> <p>In addition, for leap year two other attributes of the time axis shall be defined: leap_year and leap_month.</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that for any Time Coordinate characterized by a nonstandard calendar has the month_lengths attribute to specify its calendar. In addition, verify that the month_lengths attribute, for non-leap year, is a vector of size 12, specifying the number of days in the months from January to December. In addition, verify that for leap year two other attributes of the time axis are defined: leap_year and leap_month.</p>
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/AuxiliaryCoordinateVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/AuxiliaryCoordinateVariable</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/AuxiliaryCoordinateVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/AuxiliaryCoordinateVariable</a>
	Test purpose	<p>An Auxiliary Coordinate Variable shall be identified by the coordinates attribute defined by a netCDF Variable.</p> <p>In addition, the value of the coordinates attribute is a blank separated list of the names of Auxiliary Coordinate Variables</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Auxiliary Coordinate Variable is associated to a netCDF Variable by the coordinates attribute characterizing the netCDF Variable. In addition, verify that the value of the coordinates attribute is a blank separated list of the names of Auxiliary Coordinate Variables.</p>
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ScalarCoordinateVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ScalarCoordinateVariable</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ScalarCoordinateVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/ScalarCoordinateVariable</a>
	Test purpose	A Scalar Coordinate Variable shall define a coordinate

		<p>which is single-valued.</p> <p>In addition, the <code>Scalar Coordinate Variable</code> name shall not match the name of any dimension in the netCDF dataset.</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any <code>Scalar Coordinate Variable</code> defines a coordinate which is single-valued. In addition, verify that the <code>Scalar Coordinate Variable</code> name does not match the name of any dimension in the netCDF dataset.</p>
Test		<p><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/HorizontalCRS">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/HorizontalCRS</a></p>
	Requirement	<p><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/HorizontalCRS">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/HorizontalCRS</a></p>
	Test purpose	<p>For any <code>CF Variable</code> defined on a horizontal grid not defined on latitude and longitude dimensions, true latitude and longitude coordinates shall be supplied as <code>Coordinate Variables</code> and associated via the <code>coordinates</code> attribute.</p> <p>In addition: the attribute <code>grid_mapping</code> may be used to supply the description of the mapping between the given grid coordinate variables and the true latitude and longitude coordinates.</p> <p>In addition: the <code>grid_mapping</code> attribute takes a string value which is the name of a <code>Grid Mapping Variable</code></p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that for any <code>CF Variable</code> defined on a horizontal grid not defined on latitude and longitude dimensions, the <code>CF Variable</code> has a <code>coordinates</code> attribute which associates a couple of <code>Coordinate Variables</code> defining the true latitude and longitude coordinates. In addition, if the <code>grid_mapping</code> attribute is used to supply the description of the mapping between the given grid coordinate variables and the true latitude and longitude coordinates, verify that the <code>grid_mapping</code> attribute takes a string value which is the name of a <code>Grid Mapping Variable</code>.</p>
Test		<p><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/GridMappingVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/GridMappingVariable</a></p>
	Requirement	<p><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/GridMappingVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/GridMappingVariable</a></p>
	Test purpose	<p>Any <code>Grid Mapping Variable</code> shall define the <code>grid_mapping_name</code> attribute.</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any <code>Grid Mapping Variable</code> has a <code>grid_mapping_name</code> attribute.</p>

<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/BoundaryVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/BoundaryVariable</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/BoundaryVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/BoundaryVariable</a>
	Test purpose	Any Boundary Variable shall define one more dimension than its associated Coordinate or Auxiliary Coordinate Variable.  In addition, The additional dimension shall be the most rapidly varying one, and its size is the maximum number of cell vertices
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Boundary Variable has one more dimension than its associated Coordinate or Auxiliary Coordinate Variable.  In addition, verify that the additional dimension is the most rapidly varying one, and its size is the maximum number of cell vertices.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMeasures">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMeasures</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMeasures">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMeasures</a>
	Test purpose	cell_measures attribute shall be a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated pairs of words of the form "measure: name".
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any cell_measures attribute is a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated pairs of words of the form "measure: name".
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/MeasureVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/MeasureVariable</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/MeasureVariable">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/MeasureVariable</a>
	Test purpose	Measure Variable dimensions shall be the same as or a subset of the dimensions of the CF Variable to which they are related.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that the Measure Variable dimensions are the same as or a subset of the dimensions of the CF Variable to which they are related
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMethods">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMethods</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMethods">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-core/CellMethods</a>

	<p>Test purpose</p>	<p><code>cell_methods</code> attribute shall be a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated words of the form "name: method".</p> <p>In addition, <i>name</i> can be: a Dimension of the variable (defining the attribute), a Scalar Coordinate Variable, a valid standard name, or the word "area".</p> <p>In addition, the value of <i>method</i> should be: <code>point   sum   mean   maximum   minimum   mid_range   standard_deviation   variance   mode   median</code>.</p>
	<p>Test method</p>	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any <code>cell_methods</code> attribute is a string attribute comprising a list of blank-separated words of the form "name: method".</p> <p>In addition, verify that <i>name</i> is one of the followings: a Dimension of the variable (defining the attribute), a Scalar Coordinate Variable, a valid standard name, or the word "area". In addition, verify that the value of <i>method</i> is one of the followings: <code>point; sum; mean; maximum; minimum; mid_range; standard_deviation; variance; mode; median</code>.</p>

### A.3 CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling conformance class

This is the *Discrete Sampling* conformance class for this standard.

There is a dependency on the *core* conformance class of this standard (see A.2).

Conformance Class		
<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling</a>		
Requirements	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling</a>	
Dependency	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-core</a>	
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/DistrictSamplingGeometriesModel">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/DistrictSamplingGeometriesModel</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/DistrictSamplingGeometriesModel">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/DistrictSamplingGeometriesModel</a>
	Test purpose	Any data instantiating a concrete CF-netCDF DistrictSamplingGeometry dataset shall conform with the UML diagrams in Figure 5 and Figure 6.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that it represents information using the entities and the relations shown in the UML diagrams in Figure 5 and Figure 6.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureCollection">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureCollection</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureCollection">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureCollection</a>
	Test purpose	CF-netCDF Feature Collection shall contain Feature instances of the same type.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Feature Collection contains Feature instances of the same type.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature</a>

	Test purpose	CF-netCDF Dataset shall contain Feature Collection variables of the same feature type.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Dataset contains Feature Collection variables of the same feature type.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureTypeDimension">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureTypeDimension</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureTypeDimension">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/FeatureTypeDimension</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Feature Collection variable implementing a Feature type shall define the Dimensions specified in Table 2.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any CF-netCDF Feature Collection variable implementing a Feature type defines the Dimensions specified in Table 2.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MultidimensionalArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MultidimensionalArray</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MultidimensionalArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MultidimensionalArray</a>
	Test purpose	Any Multidimensional Array Feature Collection shall have both an Instance Dimension and an Element Dimension.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Multidimensional Array Feature Collection has both an Instance Dimension and an Element Dimension.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/RaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/RaggedArray</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/RaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/RaggedArray</a>
	Test purpose	Any Ragged Array Feature Collection shall have a Sample Dimension.  In addition, the Sample Dimension is occupied by both an Instance Dimension and an Element Dimension.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Ragged Array Feature Collection has a Sample Dimension. In addition, verify that the Sample Dimension is occupied by both an Instance Dimension and an Element Dimension.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/RaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/RaggedArray</a>	

	<b>DiscreteSampling/OrthogonalMultidimensionalArray</b>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/OrthogonalMultidimensionalArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/OrthogonalMultidimensionalArray</a>
	Test purpose	Any Feature instance of an Orthogonal Multidimensional Array Feature Collection shall have identical Coordinates along the Element Dimension.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Feature instance of an Orthogonal Multidimensional Array Feature Collection has identical Coordinates along the Element Dimension.
<b>Test</b>	<b><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArray</a></b>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArray</a>
	Test purpose	Any Contiguous Ragged Array dataset shall have a Count Variable.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Contiguous Ragged Array dataset has a Count Variable.
<b>Test</b>	<b><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArraySampleDimension">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArraySampleDimension</a></b>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArraySampleDimension">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/ContiguousRaggedArraySampleDimension</a>
	Test purpose	Any Count Variable shall define the attribute <code>sample_dimension</code> .  In addition, the attribute <code>sample_dimension</code> names the Sample Dimension being counted.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Count Variable has the attribute <code>sample_dimension</code> . In addition, verify that the attribute <code>sample_dimension</code> names the Sample Dimension being counted.
<b>Test</b>	<b><a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArray</a></b>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArray</a>
	Test purpose	Any Indexed Ragged Array dataset shall have an Index



		<p>Variable.</p> <p>In addition, the Index Variable must be of type integer.</p> <p>In addition, the Index Variable must have the Sample Dimension as its single dimension.</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Indexed RaggedArray dataset has an Index Variable.</p> <p>In addition, verify that the Index Variable is of type integer. In addition, verify that the Index Variable has the Sample Dimension as its single dimension.</p>
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArrayInstanceDimension">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArrayInstanceDimension</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArrayInstanceDimension">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/IndexedRaggedArrayInstanceDimension</a>
	Test purpose	<p>Any Index Variable shall define the attribute instance_dimension.</p> <p>In addition, the attribute instance_dimension names the Instance Dimension characterizing the Instance Variables of the dataset</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Index Variable has the attribute instance_dimension.</p> <p>In addition, verify that the attribute instance_dimension names the Instance Dimension characterizing the Instance Variables of the dataset.</p>
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature_type">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature_type</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature_type">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Feature_type</a>
	Test purpose	<p>Any Ragged Array and Multidimensional Array dataset shall define an attribute feature_type.</p> <p>In addition, the attribute feature_type must be: point   timeSeries   trajectory   profile   timeSeriesProfile   trajectoryProfile.</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Ragged Array and Multidimensional Array dataset has an attribute feature_type. In addition, verify that the attribute feature_type has one of the following values: point ;</p>

		timeSeries; trajectory; profile; timeSeriesProfile; trajectoryProfile.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF/FeatureCollectionCoordinates">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF/FeatureCollectionCoordinates</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF/FeatureCollectionCoordinates">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF/FeatureCollectionCoordinates</a>
	Test purpose	Any Feature Collection data variable shall define an attribute coordinates.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Feature Collection data variable has an attribute coordinates.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Cf_role">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Cf_role</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Cf_role">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/Cf_role</a>
	Test purpose	The attribute cf_role must be: timeseries_id   profile_id   trajectory_id.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any attribute cf_role has one of the following values: timeseries_id; profile_id; trajectory_id.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MissingData">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MissingData</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MissingData">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling/MissingData</a>
	Test purpose	Auxiliary Coordinate Variables characterizing Feature Collection shall define the attribute missing_values.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data and verify that any Auxiliary Coordinate Variables characterizing Feature Collection has the attribute missing_values.

### A.4 CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping conformance class

This is the *ISO Mapping* conformance class for this standard.

There is a dependency on the *Discrete Sampling* conformance class of this standard (see A.3).

Conformance Class		
<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping</a>		
Requirements	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping</a>	
Dependency	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-DiscreteSampling</a>	
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/discreteGridPointCoverage">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/discreteGridPointCoverage</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/discreteGridPointCoverage">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/discreteGridPointCoverage</a>
	Test purpose	Any group of CF-netCDF data variables that share the same set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables shall realize ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage sub-types: ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage or ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.  In addition, the ISO19123:CV_CoverageFunction shall not define any interpolation method.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any group of CF-netCDF data variables that share the same set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables realizes one of the following ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage sub-types: ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage or ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.  In addition, verify that the related ISO19123:CV_CoverageFunction does not define any interpolation method.
Test	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/CoverageDomain">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/CoverageDomain</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-</a>

		<a href="#">netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/CoverageDomain</a>
	Test purpose	The set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables, shared by CF-netCDF data Variables, shall realize either an ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValueMatrix.CV_GridPoint.gridCoord or ISO19123:CV_PointValuePair.geometry.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that the set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables, shared by any CF-netCDF data Variables realizes either an ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValueMatrix.CV_GridPoint.gridCoord or an ISO19123:CV_PointValuePair.geometry.
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCS">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCS</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCS">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCS</a>
	Test purpose	The CF-netCDF Coordinate System type, which is comprised of a set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables shared by CF-netCDF data variables, shall realize ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem or a subtype of it (i.e. ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem or ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem).  Additionally, the spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables and its subtypes (i.e. Vertical Coordinate, Latitude Coordinate, Longitude Coordinate, Time Coordinate elements), and the Auxiliary Coordinate Variables shall realize the related set of SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.SC_CoordinateSystemAxis
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that the CF-netCDF Coordinate System type, which is comprised of a set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables shared by CF-netCDF data variables, realizes an ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem or a subtype of it (i.e. ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem or ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem).  Additionally, verify that the Coordinate System

		<p>spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables and its subtypes (i.e. Vertical Coordinate, Latitude Coordinate, Longitude Coordinate, Time Coordinate elements), and the Auxiliary Coordinate Variables realize the related set of  SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.SC_CoordinateSystemAxis.</p>
<b>Test</b>		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCRS">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCRS</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCRS">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetCRS</a>
	Test purpose	<p>The Grid Mapping Variable projection information characterizing a set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables, shared by CF-netCDF data variables, shall realize ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.type or a subtype of it.</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that the Grid Mapping Variable projection information characterizing one or more spatial/temporal coordinate variables, shared by CF-netCDF data variables, realizes ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage.SC_CRS.SC_CoordinateSystem.type or a subtype of it.</p>
<b>Test</b>		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRange">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRange</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRange">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRange</a>
	Test purpose	<p>The CF-netCDF data Variables sharing the common set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables, shall realize one of the following objects:</p> <p>(a)  ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;</p> <p>(b)  ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value</p> <p>Additionally, the CF Variable data values generate the CV_GeometryValuePair record value(s): (a) CV_GridValueMatrix.values.record entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any); (b) CV_PointValuePair.value.record entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any).</p>

	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF data Variables sharing a common set of spatial/temporal Coordinate Variables realize one of the following objects: (a) ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it; (b) ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value</p> <p>Additionally, verify that the Variable data values generate one of the following CV_GeometryValuePair record value(s): (a) CV_GridValueMatrix.values.record entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any); (b) CV_PointValuePair.value.record entry (i.e. AttributeName, Any).</p>
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRangeType</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetRangeType</a>
	Test purpose	<p>The CF-netCDF data Variables sharing a common set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables/auxiliary coordinate variables, shall realize one of the following objects:</p> <p>(a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it;</p> <p>(b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF data Variables sharing a common set of spatial/temporal coordinate variables/auxiliary coordinate variables, realize one of the following objects: (a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it; (b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.</p>
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeValues</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeValues</a>
	Test purpose	<p>The CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variables (part of the dataset shared coordinate system) which are not space or</p>

		time dimension, shall realize one of the following objects:  (a) ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;  (b) ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that the CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variables (part of the dataset shared coordinate system) which are not space or time dimension, contribute to realize one of the following objects: (a) ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it; (b) ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeType</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DatasetParametricRangeType</a>
	Test purpose	The CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variables (part of the dataset shared coordinate system) which are not space or time dimension, shall realize one of the following objects:  (a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it;  (b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName).
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that the CF-netCDF Auxiliary Coordinate Variables (part of the dataset shared coordinate system) which are not space or time dimension, contribute to realize one of the following objects: (a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it; (b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName).
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeValues</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-</a>

		<a href="#">netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeValues</a>
	Test purpose	<p>Any CF-netCDF Measure Variable (characterising a CF Variable) shall realize one of the following objects:</p> <p>(a) ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;</p> <p>(b) ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Measure Variable (characterising a CF Variable) realizes one of the following objects: (a) ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it; (b) ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value.</p>
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeType</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MeasureVariableMapping/RangeType</a>
	Test purpose	<p>Any CF-netCDF Measure Variable (characterising a CF Variable) shall realize one of the following objects:</p> <p>(a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it;</p> <p>(b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName).</p>
	Test method	<p>Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Measure Variable (characterising a CF Variable) realizes one of the following objects: (a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it; (b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName).</p>
Test		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-</a>



	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/RaggedArray">ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/RaggedArray</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/RaggedArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/RaggedArray</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Ragged Array shall realize the ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage sub-type: ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage  In addition, the ISO19123:CV_CoverageFunction shall not define any interpolation method.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Ragged Array realizes the ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage sub-type: ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.  In addition, verify that the related ISO19123:CV_CoverageFunction does not define any interpolation method.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/MultidimensionalArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/MultidimensionalArray</a>	
	requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/MultidimensionalArray">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/DiscreteSamplingGeometriesMapping/MultidimensionalArray</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array shall realize one of the following ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage sub-types: ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage or ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.  In addition, the ISO19123:CV_CoverageFunction shall not define any interpolation method.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array realizes one of the following ISO19123:CV_DiscreteCoverage sub-types: ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage or ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.  In addition, verify that the related ISO19123:CV_CoverageFunction does not define any interpolation method.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues</a>	

	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection shall realize one of the following objects:  (a) ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it;  (b) ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection realizes one of the following objects: (a) ISO19123:CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.CV_GridValuesMatrix.values or a subtype of it; (b) ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value.
<b>Test</b>		<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType</a>
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/MultidimensionalArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection shall realize one of the following objects:  (a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it;  (b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection realizes one of the following objects: (a) CV_DiscreteGridPointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it; (b) CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.

<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeValues</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection shall realize an ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value or a subtype of it.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Multidimensional Array Feature Collection realizes an ISO19123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.CV_PointValuePair.value or a subtype of it.
<b>Test</b>	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/conf/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType</a>	
	Requirement	<a href="http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType">http://www.opengis.net/spec/netCDF_data-model/req/CF-netCDF-1.6-ISOMapping/RaggedArrayFeatureCollectionMapping/RangeType</a>
	Test purpose	Any CF-netCDF Ragged Array Feature Collection shall realize an ISO10123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.
	Test method	Open the CF-netCDF data mapping onto ISO 19123 data model and verify that any CF-netCDF Ragged Array Feature Collection realizes an ISO10123:CV_DiscretePointCoverage.RangeType.AttributesType (i.e. AttributeName, TypeName) or a subtype of it.

**Annex B Revision History**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Release</b>	<b>Editor</b>	<b>Primary clauses modified</b>	<b>Description</b>
2010-08-09	1.0.0	Stefano Nativi and Ben Domenico	All	Created
2010-09-10	1.1.0	Stefano Nativi	All	Extended to Multi-point coverages
2011-05-25	2.0	Stefano Nativi	CF conventions	Modified the CF convention data model and related sections to be compliant with version 1.5
2011-08-09	2.1	Stefano Nativi	CF conventions	Modified the CF convention data model and related sections to be compliant with version 1.6
2012-03-03	2.2	Stefano Nativi	None	It was added a table to outline the CF elements which are considered mandatory
2012-08-12	3.0	Stefano Nativi	None	The normative abstract test suite was added. A revision of the entire document was done.
2012-12-27	3.1	Stefano Nativi	None	Major editorial changes to fully comply with the OGC conformance and requirements editorial specifications